

Simulink®

Modeling Guidelines for High-Integrity Systems



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R2017a



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### *Modeling Guidelines for High-Integrity Systems*

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### **Revision History**

September 2009	Online only	New for Version 1.0 (Release 2009b)
April 2010	Online only	Revised for Version 1.1 (Release 2010a)
September 2010	Online only	Revised for Version 1.2 (Release 2010b)
April 2011	Online only	Revised for Version 1.3 (Release 2011a)
September 2011	Online only	Revised for Version 1.4 (Release 2011b)
March 2012	Online only	Revised for Version 1.5 (Release 2012a)
September 2012	Online only	Revised for Version 1.6 (Release 2012b)
March 2013	Online only	Revised for Version 1.7 (Release 2013a)
September 2013	Online only	Revised for Version 1.8 (Release 2013b)
March 2014	Online only	Revised for Version 1.9 (Release 2014a)
October 2014	Online only	Revised for Version 1.10 (Release 2014b)
March 2015	Online only	Revised for Version 1.11 (Release 2015a)
September 2015	Online only	Revised for Version 1.12 (Release 2015b)
March 2016	Online only	Revised for Version 1.13 (Release 2016a)
September 2016	Online only	Revised for Version 1.14 (Release 2016b)
March 2017	Online only	Revised for Version 1.15 (Release 2017a)



	<b>Introduction</b>	
<b>1</b>	<hr/>	
	<b>Motivation</b> .....	<b>1-2</b>
	<b>Guideline Template</b> .....	<b>1-3</b>
	<b>Model Advisor Checks for High-Integrity Modeling</b>	
	<b>Guidelines</b> .....	<b>1-4</b>
	<b>Simulink Block Considerations</b>	
<b>2</b>	<hr/>	
	<b>Math Operations</b> .....	<b>2-2</b>
	hisl_0001: Usage of Abs block .....	<b>2-3</b>
	hisl_0002: Usage of Math Function blocks (rem and reciprocal) .....	<b>2-5</b>
	hisl_0003: Usage of Square Root blocks .....	<b>2-7</b>
	hisl_0028: Usage of Reciprocal Square Root blocks .....	<b>2-8</b>
	hisl_0004: Usage of Math Function blocks (natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm) .....	<b>2-10</b>
	hisl_0005: Usage of Product blocks .....	<b>2-13</b>
	hisl_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks .....	<b>2-15</b>
	<b>Ports &amp; Subsystems</b> .....	<b>2-20</b>
	hisl_0006: Usage of While Iterator blocks .....	<b>2-21</b>
	hisl_0007: Usage of While Iterator subsystems .....	<b>2-23</b>
	hisl_0008: Usage of For Iterator Blocks .....	<b>2-25</b>
	hisl_0009: Usage of For Iterator Subsystem blocks .....	<b>2-27</b>
	hisl_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks .....	<b>2-28</b>
	hisl_0011: Usage of Switch Case blocks and Action Subsystem blocks .....	<b>2-31</b>

hisl_0012: Usage of conditionally executed subsystems . . . .	2-33
hisl_0024: Inport interface definition . . . . .	2-35
hisl_0025: Design min/max specification of input interfaces .	2-37
hisl_0026: Design min/max specification of output interfaces	2-39
<b>Signal Routing . . . . .</b>	<b>2-41</b>
hisl_0013: Usage of data store blocks . . . . .	2-42
hisl_0015: Usage of Merge blocks . . . . .	2-46
hisl_0021: Consistent vector indexing method . . . . .	2-48
hisl_0022: Data type selection for index signals . . . . .	2-50
hisl_0023: Verification of model and subsystem variants . . .	2-51
hisl_0034: Usage of Signal Routing blocks . . . . .	2-51
<b>Logic and Bit Operations . . . . .</b>	<b>2-53</b>
hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators	2-54
hisl_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators	
(2) . . . . .	2-56
hisl_0018: Usage of Logical Operator block . . . . .	2-58
hisl_0019: Usage of Bitwise Operator block . . . . .	2-60
<b>Lookup Table Blocks . . . . .</b>	<b>2-61</b>
hisl_0033: Usage of Lookup Table blocks . . . . .	2-61

## Stateflow Chart Considerations

# 3

<b>Chart Properties . . . . .</b>	<b>3-2</b>
hisf_0001: Mealy and Moore semantics . . . . .	3-3
hisf_0002: User-specified state/transition execution order . . .	3-5
hisf_0009: Strong data typing (Simulink and Stateflow	
boundary) . . . . .	3-7
hisf_0011: Stateflow debugging settings . . . . .	3-9
<b>Chart Architecture . . . . .</b>	<b>3-11</b>
hisf_0003: Usage of bitwise operations . . . . .	3-12
hisf_0004: Usage of recursive behavior . . . . .	3-13
hisf_0007: Usage of junction conditions (maintaining mutual	
exclusion) . . . . .	3-15
hisf_0010: Usage of transition paths (looping out of parent of	
source and destination objects) . . . . .	3-16

hisf_0012: Chart comments . . . . .	3-18
hisf_0013: Usage of transition paths (crossing parallel state boundaries) . . . . .	3-19
hisf_0014: Usage of transition paths (passing through states) . . . . .	3-22
hisf_0015: Strong data typing (casting variables and parameters in expressions) . . . . .	3-23

## MATLAB Function and MATLAB Code Considerations

### 4

<b>MATLAB Functions</b> . . . . .	4-2
himl_0001: Usage of standardized MATLAB function headers . . . . .	4-3
himl_0002: Strong data typing at MATLAB function boundaries . . . . .	4-4
himl_0003: Limitation of MATLAB function complexity . . . . .	4-7
himl_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions . . . . .	4-9
<b>MATLAB Code</b> . . . . .	4-13
himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation . . . . .	4-13
himl_0006: MATLAB code if / elseif / else patterns . . . . .	4-18
himl_0007: MATLAB code switch / case / otherwise patterns . . . . .	4-20
himl_0008: MATLAB code relational operator data types . . . . .	4-22
himl_0009: MATLAB code with equal / not equal relational operators . . . . .	4-23
himl_0010: MATLAB code with logical operators and functions . . . . .	4-25

## Configuration Parameter Considerations

### 5

<b>Solver</b> . . . . .	5-2
hisl_0040: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Simulation time . . . . .	5-3

hisl_0041: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Solver options . . . . .	5-4
hisl_0042: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Tasking and sample time options . . . . .	5-5
<b>Diagnostics . . . . .</b>	<b>5-7</b>
hisl_0036: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Saving . . . . .	5-7
hisl_0043: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Solver . . . . .	5-9
hisl_0044: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Sample Time . . . . .	5-11
hisl_0301: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Compatibility . . . . .	5-14
hisl_0302: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Data Validity > Parameters . . . . .	5-15
hisl_0303: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Merge block . . . . .	5-16
hisl_0304: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model initialization . . . . .	5-17
hisl_0305: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Debugging . . . . .	5-18
hisl_0306: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Signals . . . . .	5-19
hisl_0307: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Buses . . . . .	5-20
hisl_0308: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Function calls . . . . .	5-21
hisl_0309: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Type Conversion . . . . .	5-22
hisl_0310: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model Referencing . . . . .	5-23
hisl_0311: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Stateflow . . . . .	5-24
<b>Optimizations . . . . .</b>	<b>5-25</b>
hisl_0045: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double) . . . . .	5-26
hisl_0046: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Block reduction . . . . .	5-27
hisl_0048: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Application lifespan (days) . . . . .	5-28
hisl_0051: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Signals and Parameters > Loop unrolling threshold . . . . .	5-29
hisl_0052: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Data initialization . . . . .	5-30



hisl_0053: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values . . . . .	5-31
hisl_0054: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions . . . . .	5-32
hisl_0055: Prioritization of code generation objectives for high-integrity systems . . . . .	5-33
<b>Model Referencing</b> . . . . .	5-35
hisl_0037: Configuration Parameters > Model Referencing . . . . .	5-35
<b>Code Generation</b> . . . . .	5-37
hisl_0038: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Comments . . . . .	5-37
hisl_0039: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Interface . . . . .	5-38
hisl_0047: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Code Style . . . . .	5-39
hisl_0049: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Symbols . . . . .	5-40

## Naming Considerations

# 6

<b>Naming Considerations</b> . . . . .	6-2
hisl_0031: File and folder names . . . . .	6-3
hisl_0032: Model object names . . . . .	6-4

## MISRA C:2012 Compliance Considerations

# 7

<b>Modeling Style</b> . . . . .	7-2
hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity . . . . .	7-3
hisl_0062: Global variables in graphical functions . . . . .	7-9
hisl_0063: Length of user-defined object names to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance . . . . .	7-12

hisl_0201: Define reserved keywords to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance . . . . .	7-14
hisl_0202: Use of data conversion blocks to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance . . . . .	7-15
<b>Block Usage . . . . .</b>	<b>7-17</b>
hisl_0020: Blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 compliance . . . . .	7-17
hisl_0101: Avoid invariant comparison operations to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance . . . . .	7-19
hisl_0102: Data type of loop control variables to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance . . . . .	7-22
<b>Configuration Settings . . . . .</b>	<b>7-23</b>
hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance . . . . .	7-23
<b>Stateflow Chart Considerations . . . . .</b>	<b>7-26</b>
hisf_0064: Shift operations for Stateflow data to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance . . . . .	7-27
hisf_0065: Type cast operations in Stateflow to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance . . . . .	7-28
hisf_0211: Protect against use of unary operators in Stateflow Charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance . . . . .	7-29
hisf_0213: Protect against divide-by-zero calculations in Stateflow charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance . . . . .	7-30
<b>System Level . . . . .</b>	<b>7-33</b>
hisl_0401: Encapsulation of code to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance . . . . .	7-33
hisl_0402: Use of custom #pragma to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance . . . . .	7-34
hisl_0403: Use of char data type to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance . . . . .	7-35

# Introduction

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- “Motivation” on page 1-2
- “Guideline Template” on page 1-3
- “Model Advisor Checks for High-Integrity Modeling Guidelines” on page 1-4

## Motivation

MathWorks intends the guidelines for engineers developing models and generating code for high-integrity systems using Model-Based Design with MathWorks products. The guidelines provide recommendations for creating Simulink® models that are complete, unambiguous, statically deterministic, robust, and verifiable. The guidelines focus on model settings, block usage, and block parameters that impact simulation behavior or code generated by the Embedded Coder® product.

These guidelines do not assume that you use a particular safety or certification standard. The guidelines reference some safety standards where applicable, including:

- DO-178C / DO-331
- IEC 61508
- ISO 26262
- EN 50128
- MISRA C

The guidelines might also be applicable to related standards, including IEC 62304, and DO-254.

You can use the Model Advisor to support adhering to these guidelines. Each guideline lists the checks that are applicable to that guideline, or to parts of that guideline.

The guidelines do not address model style or development processes. For more information about creating models in a way that improves consistency, clarity, and readability, see the “MAAB Control Algorithm Modeling” guidelines. Development process guidance and additional information for specific standards is available with the IEC Certification Kit (for ISO 26262 and IEC 61508) and DO Qualification Kit (for DO-178) products.

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**Disclaimer** While adhering to the recommendations in the guidelines will reduce the risk that an error is introduced during development and not be detected, it is not a guarantee that the system being developed will be safe. Conversely, if some of the recommendations in the guidelines are not followed, it does not mean that the system being developed will be unsafe.

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## Guideline Template

Guideline descriptions are documented, using the following template. Companies that want to create additional guidelines are encouraged to use the same template.

<b>ID: Title</b>	<i>XX_nnnn</i> : Title of the guideline (unique, short)
<b>Description</b>	Description of the guideline
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Links to guidelines that are prerequisites to this guideline (ID: Title)
<b>Notes</b>	Notes for using the guideline
<b>Rationale</b>	Rationale for providing the guideline
<b>Model Advisor Check</b>	Title of and link to the corresponding Model Advisor check, if a check exists
<b>References</b>	References to standards that apply to guideline
<b>See Also</b>	Links to additional information
<b>Last Changed</b>	Version number of last change
<b>Examples</b>	Guideline examples

## Model Advisor Checks for High-Integrity Modeling Guidelines

Simulink Verification and Validation includes Model Advisor checks for compliance with safety standards referenced in the high-integrity guidelines, including:

- DO-178C / DO-331
- IEC 61508 and IEC 62304
- ISO 26262
- EN 50128

The high-integrity guidelines and corresponding Model Advisor checks are summarized in the following table. Not all guidelines have Model Advisor checks. For some of the guidelines without Model Advisor checks, it is not possible to automate checking of the guideline. Guidelines without a corresponding check are noted as not applicable. For information on using the Model Advisor, see “Run Model Checks” in the Simulink documentation.

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders:
“hisl_0001: Usage of Abs block” on page 2-3	DO-178C/DO-331: “Check usage of Math Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)  IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check usage of Math Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)
“hisl_0002: Usage of Math Function blocks (rem and reciprocal)” on page 2-5	DO-178C/DO-331: “Check usage of Math Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)
“hisl_0003: Usage of Square Root blocks” on page 2-7	Not applicable

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 61508</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 62304</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for EN 50128</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for ISO 26262</li> </ul>
"hisl_0028: Usage of Reciprocal Square Root blocks" on page 2-8	Not applicable
"hisl_0004: Usage of Math Function blocks (natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm)" on page 2-10	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check usage of Math Operations blocks" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0005: Usage of Product blocks" on page 2-13	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal data" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks" on page 2-15	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check usage of Math Operations blocks" (Simulink Verification and Validation)  IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: "Check usage of Math Operations blocks" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0006: Usage of While Iterator blocks" on page 2-21	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks" (Simulink Verification and Validation)  IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: "Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks" (Simulink Verification and Validation)

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders:
<p>“hisl_0007: Usage of While Iterator subsystems” on page 2-23</p>	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p>
<p>“hisl_0008: Usage of For Iterator Blocks” on page 2-25</p>	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p>
<p>“hisl_0009: Usage of For Iterator Subsystem blocks” on page 2-27</p>	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p>
<p>“hisl_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks” on page 2-28</p>	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p>



High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 61508</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 62304</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for EN 50128</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for ISO 26262</li> </ul>
"hisl_0011: Usage of Switch Case blocks and Action Subsystem blocks" on page 2-31	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks" (Simulink Verification and Validation)  IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: "Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0012: Usage of conditionally executed subsystems" on page 2-33	Not applicable
"hisl_0024: Inport interface definition" on page 2-35	IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: "Check for root Inports with missing properties" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0025: Design min/max specification of input interfaces" on page 2-37	IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: "Check for root Inports with missing range definitions" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0026: Design min/max specification of output interfaces" on page 2-39	IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: "Check for root Outports with missing range definitions" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0013: Usage of data store blocks" on page 2-42	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data store memory" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0015: Usage of Merge blocks" on page 2-46	Not applicable

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 61508</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 62304</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for EN 50128</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for ISO 26262</li> </ul>
“hisl_0021: Consistent vector indexing method” on page 2-48	DO-178C/DO-331: “Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods” (Simulink Verification and Validation)  IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods” (Simulink Verification and Validation)
“hisl_0022: Data type selection for index signals” on page 2-50	Not applicable
“hisl_0023: Verification of model and subsystem variants” on page 2-51	DO-178C/DO-331: “Check for variant blocks with 'Generate preprocessor conditionals' active” (Simulink Verification and Validation).
“hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators” on page 2-54	DO-178C/DO-331: “Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)  IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)
“hisl_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)” on page 2-56	DO-178C/DO-331: “Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)  IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders:
<p>“hisl_0018: Usage of Logical Operator block” on page 2-58</p>	<p><b>• Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331</b></p> <p><b>• Modeling Standards for IEC 61508</b></p> <p><b>• Modeling Standards for IEC 62304</b></p> <p><b>• Modeling Standards for EN 50128</b></p> <p><b>• Modeling Standards for ISO 26262</b></p> <p>DO-178C/DO-331: “Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation) and “Check safety-related optimization settings” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p>
<p>“hisl_0019: Usage of Bitwise Operator block” on page 2-60</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>
<p>“hisf_0001: Mealy and Moore semantics” on page 3-3</p>	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: “Check state machine type of Stateflow charts” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check state machine type of Stateflow charts” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p>
<p>“hisf_0002: User-specified state/transition execution order” on page 3-5</p>	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: “Check Stateflow charts for ordering of states and transitions” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check usage of Stateflow constructs” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p>
<p>“hisf_0009: Strong data typing (Simulink and Stateflow boundary)” on page 3-7</p>	<p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check usage of Stateflow constructs” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p>

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders:
"hisf_0011: Stateflow debugging settings" on page 3-9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 61508</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 62304</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for EN 50128</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for ISO 26262</li> </ul> DO-178C/DO-331: "Check Stateflow debugging options" (Simulink Verification and Validation)  IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: "Check usage of Stateflow constructs" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisf_0003: Usage of bitwise operations" on page 3-12	In <b>Modeling Standards for MAAB</b> folder, "Check for bitwise operations in Stateflow charts" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisf_0004: Usage of recursive behavior" on page 3-13	Not applicable
"hisf_0007: Usage of junction conditions (maintaining mutual exclusion)" on page 3-15	Not applicable
"hisf_0010: Usage of transition paths (looping out of parent of source and destination objects)" on page 3-16	Not applicable
"hisf_0012: Chart comments" on page 3-18	Not applicable
"hisf_0013: Usage of transition paths (crossing parallel state boundaries)" on page 3-19	Not applicable
"hisf_0014: Usage of transition paths (passing through states)" on page 3-22	Not applicable

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 61508</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 62304</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for EN 50128</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for ISO 26262</li> </ul>
“hisf_0015: Strong data typing (casting variables and parameters in expressions)” on page 3-23	Not applicable
“himl_0001: Usage of standardized MATLAB function headers” on page 4-3	Not applicable
“himl_0002: Strong data typing at MATLAB function boundaries” on page 4-4	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: “Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p>
“himl_0003: Limitation of MATLAB function complexity” on page 4-7	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: “Check MATLAB Function metrics” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check MATLAB Function metrics” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p>
“himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation” on page 4-13	<p>DO-178C/DO-331: “Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: “Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p>

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders:
"himl_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions" on page 4-9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 61508</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 62304</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for EN 50128</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for ISO 26262</li> </ul> <p>DO-178C/DO-331: "Check MATLAB code for global variables" (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p> <p>IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: "Check MATLAB code for global variables" (Simulink Verification and Validation)</p>
"himl_0006: MATLAB code if / elseif / else patterns" on page 4-18	Not applicable
"himl_0007: MATLAB code switch / case / otherwise patterns" on page 4-20	Not applicable
"himl_0008: MATLAB code relational operator data types" on page 4-22	Not applicable
"himl_0009: MATLAB code with equal / not equal relational operators" on page 4-23	Not applicable
"himl_0010: MATLAB code with logical operators and functions" on page 4-25	Not applicable
"hisl_0040: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Simulation time" on page 5-3	Not applicable
"hisl_0041: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Solver options" on page 5-4	Not applicable

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 61508</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 62304</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for EN 50128</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for ISO 26262</li> </ul>
“hisl_0042: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Tasking and sample time options” on page 5-5	Not applicable
“hisl_0043: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Solver” on page 5-9	DO-178C/DO-331: “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers” (Simulink Verification and Validation)
“hisl_0044: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Sample Time” on page 5-11	DO-178C/DO-331: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for sample time” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</li> <li>• “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers” (Simulink Verification and Validation)</li> </ul>
“hisl_0301: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Compatibility” on page 5-14	DO-178C/DO-331: “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for compatibility” (Simulink Verification and Validation)
“hisl_0302: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Data Validity > Parameters” on page 5-15	DO-178C/DO-331: “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for parameters” (Simulink Verification and Validation)
“hisl_0303: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Merge block” on page 5-16	Not applicable
“hisl_0304: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model initialization” on page 5-17	DO-178C/DO-331: “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model initialization” (Simulink Verification and Validation)

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 61508</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 62304</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for EN 50128</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for ISO 26262</li> </ul>
"hisl_0305: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Debugging" on page 5-18	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data used for debugging" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0306: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Signals" on page 5-19	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal connectivity" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0307: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Buses" on page 5-20	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related diagnostic settings for bus connectivity" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0308: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Function calls" on page 5-21	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related diagnostic settings that apply to function-call connectivity" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0309: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Type Conversion" on page 5-22	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related diagnostic settings for type conversions" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0310: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model Referencing" on page 5-23	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model referencing" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0311: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Stateflow" on page 5-24	Not applicable



High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 61508</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 62304</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for EN 50128</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for ISO 26262</li> </ul>
"hisl_0045: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double)" on page 5-26	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related optimization settings" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0046: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Block reduction" on page 5-27	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related optimization settings" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0047: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Code Style" on page 5-39	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related code generation settings" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0048: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Application lifespan (days)" on page 5-28	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related optimization settings" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0049: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Symbols" on page 5-40	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related code generation settings" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0051: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Signals and Parameters > Loop unrolling threshold" on page 5-29	Not applicable
"hisl_0052: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Data initialization" on page 5-30	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related optimization settings" (Simulink Verification and Validation)

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 61508</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 62304</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for EN 50128</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for ISO 26262</li> </ul>
"hisl_0053: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values" on page 5-31	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related optimization settings" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0054: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions" on page 5-32	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related optimization settings" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0055: Prioritization of code generation objectives for high-integrity systems" on page 5-33	Not applicable
"hisl_0031: File and folder names" on page 6-3	Not applicable
"hisl_0032: Model object names" on page 6-4	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check model object names" (Simulink Verification and Validation)  IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: "Check model object names" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0033: Usage of Lookup Table blocks" on page 2-61	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check usage of lookup table blocks" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0034: Usage of Signal Routing blocks" on page 2-51	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check usage of Signal Routing blocks" (Simulink Verification and Validation)

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 61508</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 62304</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for EN 50128</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for ISO 26262</li> </ul>
"hisl_0036: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Saving" on page 5-7	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related diagnostic settings for saving" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0037: Configuration Parameters > Model Referencing" on page 5-35	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related model referencing settings" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0038: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Comments" on page 5-37	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related code generation settings" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0039: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Interface" on page 5-38	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check safety-related code generation settings" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity" on page 7-3	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check Stateflow charts for uniquely defined data objects" (Simulink Verification and Validation)  IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262: "Check usage of Stateflow constructs" (Simulink Verification and Validation)
"hisl_0062: Global variables in graphical functions" on page 7-9	Not applicable
"hisl_0063: Length of user-defined object names to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance" on page 7-12	Not applicable

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders:
"hisl_0201: Define reserved keywords to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance" on page 7-14	Not applicable
"hisl_0202: Use of data conversion blocks to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance" on page 7-15	Not applicable
"hisl_0020: Blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 compliance" on page 7-17	DO-178C/DO-331: "Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment" (Simulink Verification and Validation)  In <b>Modeling Guidelines for MISRA C:2012</b> folder: "Check for blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012" (Embedded Coder)
"hisl_0101: Avoid invariant comparison operations to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance" on page 7-19	Not applicable
"hisl_0102: Data type of loop control variables to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance" on page 7-22	Not applicable
"hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance" on page 7-23	In <b>Modeling Guidelines for MISRA C:2012</b> folder: "Check configuration parameters for MISRA C:2012" (Embedded Coder)

High-Integrity Modeling Guideline	Checks available in Model Advisor By Task folders: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 61508</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for IEC 62304</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for EN 50128</li> <li>• Modeling Standards for ISO 26262</li> </ul>
“hisf_0064: Shift operations for Stateflow data to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-27	Not applicable
“hisf_0065: Type cast operations in Stateflow to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-28	Not applicable
“hisf_0211: Protect against use of unary operators in Stateflow Charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-29	Not applicable
“hisf_0213: Protect against divide-by-zero calculations in Stateflow charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-30	Not applicable
“hisl_0401: Encapsulation of code to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-33	Not applicable
“hisl_0402: Use of custom #pragma to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-34	Not applicable
“hisl_0403: Use of char data type to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-35	Not applicable



# Simulink Block Considerations

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- “Math Operations” on page 2-2
- “Ports & Subsystems” on page 2-20
- “Signal Routing” on page 2-41
- “Logic and Bit Operations” on page 2-53
- “Lookup Table Blocks” on page 2-61

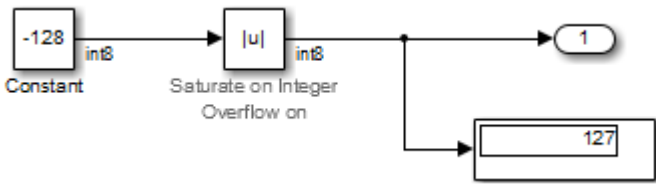
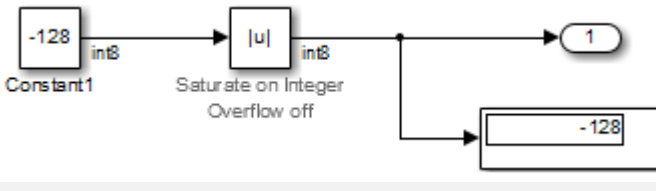
## Math Operations

In this section...
“hisl_0001: Usage of Abs block” on page 2-3
“hisl_0002: Usage of Math Function blocks (rem and reciprocal)” on page 2-5
“hisl_0003: Usage of Square Root blocks” on page 2-7
“hisl_0028: Usage of Reciprocal Square Root blocks” on page 2-8
“hisl_0004: Usage of Math Function blocks (natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm)” on page 2-10
“hisl_0005: Usage of Product blocks” on page 2-13
“hisl_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks” on page 2-15



## hisl\_0001: Usage of Abs block

ID: Title	hisl_0001: Usage of Abs block	
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the Abs block,	
	A	Avoid Boolean and unsigned integer data types as inputs to the Abs block.
	B	In the Abs block parameter dialog box, select <b>Saturate on integer overflow</b> .
Notes	<p>The Abs block does not support Boolean data types. Specifying an unsigned input data type, might optimize the Abs block out of the generated code, resulting in a block you cannot trace to the generated code.</p> <p>For signed data types, Simulink does not represent the absolute value of the most negative value. When you select <b>Saturate on integer overflow</b>, the absolute value of the data type saturates to the most positive representable value. When you clear <b>Saturate on integer overflow</b>, absolute value calculations in the simulation and generated code might not be consistent or expected.</p>	
Rationale	A	Support generation of traceable code.
	B	Achieve consistent and expected behavior of model simulation and generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check usage of Math Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Math Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Math Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Math Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Math Operations blocks</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check usage of Math Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	

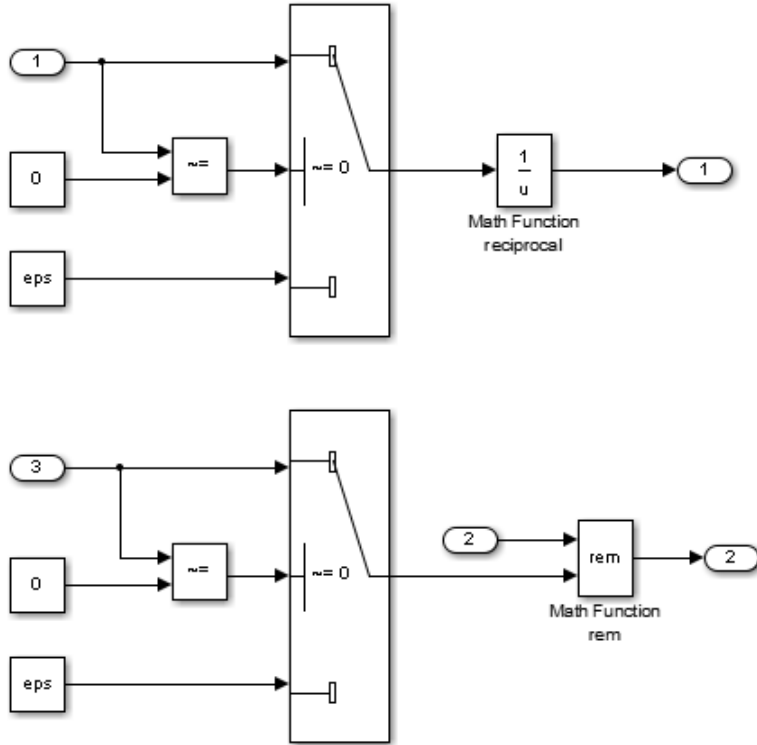
ID: Title	hisl_0001: Usage of Abs block
	For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check usage of Math Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table B.8 (3) 'Control Flow Analysis'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 9 (f) 'Control flow analysis'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.19 (3) 'Control Flow Analysis'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.d 'Low-level requirements are verifiable'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a
Examples	 <p><b>Recommended</b></p>  <p><b>Not Recommended</b></p>

## hisl\_0002: Usage of Math Function blocks (rem and reciprocal)

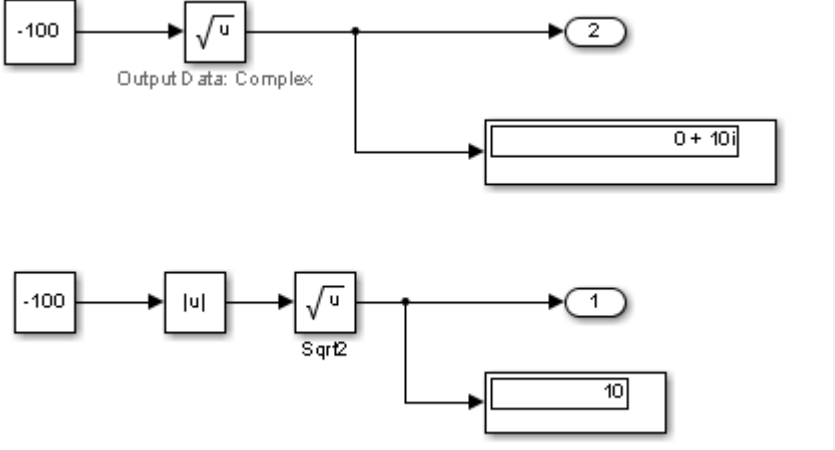
ID: Title	hisl_0002: Usage of Math Function blocks (rem and reciprocal)	
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the Math Function block with remainder-after-division ( <code>rem</code> ) or reciprocal ( <code>reciprocal</code> ) functions:	
	A	Protect the input of the <code>reciprocal</code> function from going to zero.
	B	Protect the second input of the <code>rem</code> function from going to zero.
Note	You can get a divide-by-zero operation, resulting in an infinite ( <code>Inf</code> ) output value for the <code>reciprocal</code> function, or a Not-a-Number ( <code>NaN</code> ) output value for the <code>rem</code> function. To avoid overflows or undefined values, protect the corresponding input from going to zero.	
Rationale	A, B	Protect against overflows and undefined numerical results.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check usage of Math Operations blocks</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check usage of Math Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016a	
Examples	In the following example, when the input signal oscillates around zero, the output exhibits a large change in value. You need further protection against the large change in value.	

ID: Title

hisl\_0002: Usage of Math Function blocks (rem and reciprocal)



## hisl\_0003: Usage of Square Root blocks

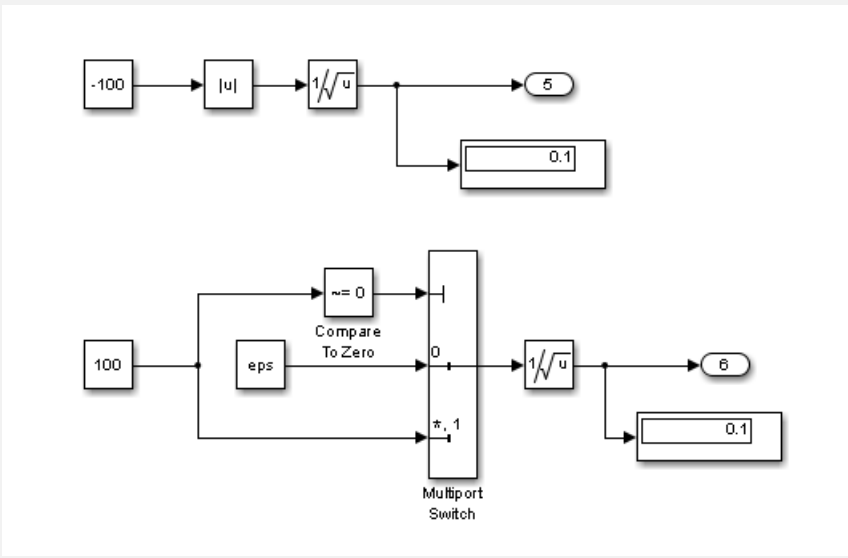
ID: Title	hisl_0003: Usage of Square Root blocks	
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the Square Root block, do one of the following:	
	A	Account for complex numbers as the output.
	B	Protect the input from going negative.
Rationale	A, B	Avoid undesirable results in generated code.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016a	
Examples	 <p>The top diagram shows a square root block with input -100 and output data type 'Complex'. It branches to a constant block '2' and a display block '0 + 10i'.</p> <p>The bottom diagram shows a square root block with input -100, preceded by an absolute value block ' u ' and labeled 'Sqrt2'. It branches to a constant block '1' and a display block '10'.</p>	

## hisl\_0028: Usage of Reciprocal Square Root blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0028: Usage of Reciprocal Square Root blocks	
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the Reciprocal Square Root block, do one of the following:	
	A	Protect the input from going negative.
	B	Protect the input from going to zero.
Note	You can get a divide-by-zero operation, resulting in an (Inf) output value for the reciprocal function. To avoid overflows or undefined values, protect the corresponding input from going to zero.	
Rationale	A, B	Avoid undesirable results in generated code.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016a	

**ID: Title** hisl\_0028: Usage of Reciprocal Square Root blocks

Examples



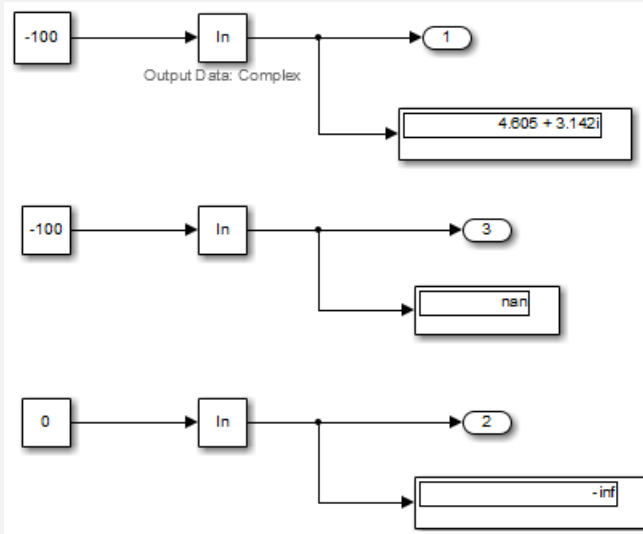
## hisl\_0004: Usage of Math Function blocks (natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm)

ID: Title	hisl_0004: Usage of Math Function blocks (natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm)	
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the Math Function block with natural logarithm ( <code>log</code> ) or base 10 logarithm ( <code>log10</code> ) function parameters,	
	A	Protect the input from going negative.
	B	Protect the input from equaling zero.
	C	Account for complex numbers as the output value.
Notes	If you set the output data type to complex, the natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm functions output complex values for negative input values. If you set the output data type to real, the functions output NAN for negative numbers, and minus infinity ( <code>-inf</code> ) for zero values.	
Rationale	A, B, C	Support generation of robust code.
Model Advisor Checks	<b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check usage of Math Operations blocks</b>  For check details, see “Check usage of Math Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016a	



**ID: Title** hisl\_0004: Usage of Math Function blocks (natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm)

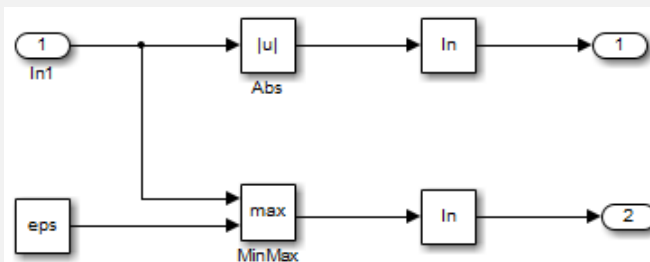
## Examples



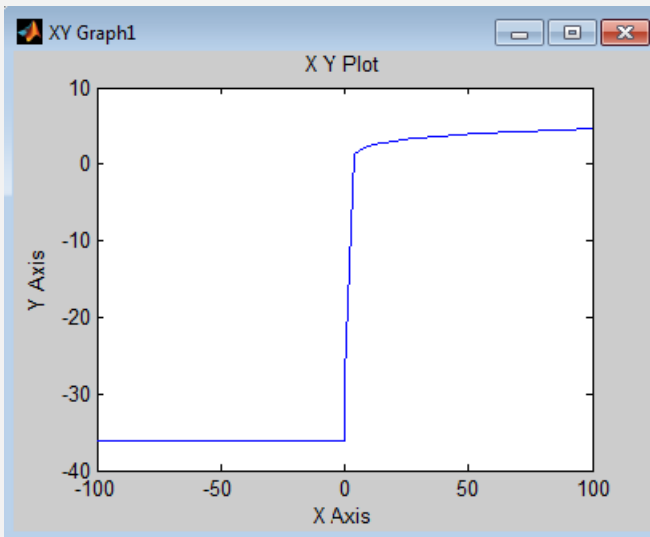
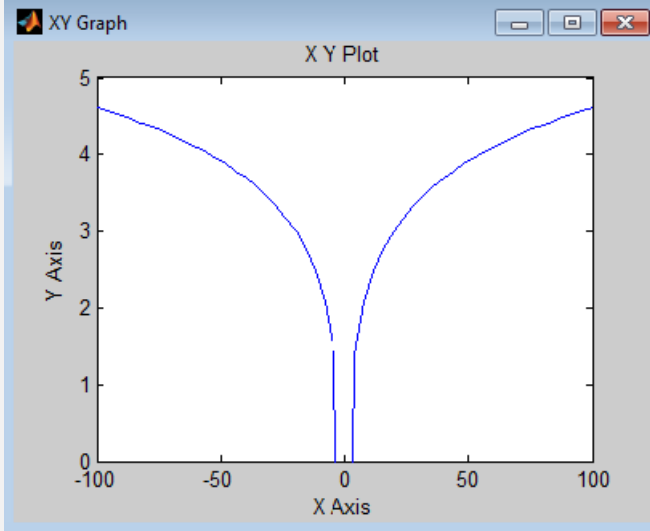
You can protect against:

- Negative numbers using an Abs block.
- Zero values using a combination of the MinMax block and a Constant block, with **Constant value** set to **eps** (epsilon).

The following example displays the resulting output for input values ranging from -100 to 100.



**ID: Title** hisl\_0004: Usage of Math Function blocks (natural logarithm and base 10 logarithm)



## hisl\_0005: Usage of Product blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0005: Usage of Product blocks	
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the Product block with divisor inputs,	
	A	In <b>Element-wise (.*)</b> mode, protect divisor inputs from going to zero.
	B	In <b>Matrix (*)</b> mode, protect divisor inputs from becoming singular input matrices.
	C	Set the model configuration parameter <b>Diagnostics &gt; Data Validity &gt; Signals &gt; Division by singular matrix</b> to error.
Notes	<p>When using Product blocks for element-wise divisions, you might get a divide by zero, resulting in a NaN output. To avoid overflows, protect divisor inputs from going to zero.</p> <p>When using Product blocks to compute the inverse of a matrix, or a matrix division, you might get a divide by a singular matrix. This division results in a NaN output. To avoid overflows, protect divisor inputs from becoming singular input matrices.</p> <p>During simulation, while the software inverts one of the input values of a Product block that is in matrix multiplication mode, the <b>Division by singular matrix</b> diagnostic can detect a singular matrix.</p>	
Rationale	A, B, C	Protect against overflows.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal data</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal data” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262–6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262–6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> </ul>	

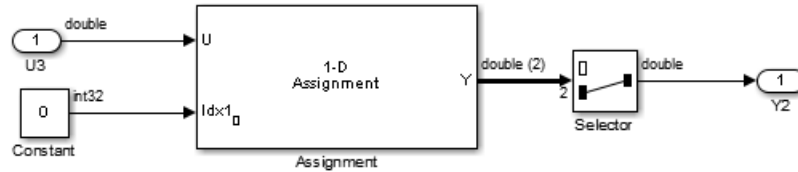
<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0005: Usage of Product blocks</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.4.2.2 'Robustness Test Cases'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.4.3 'Requirements-Based Testing Methods'</li><li>• MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

## hisl\_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the Assignment block, initialize array fields before their first use.
Notes	<p>If the output vector of the Assignment block is not initialized with an input to the block, elements of the vector might not be initialized in the generated code.</p> <p>When the Assignment block is used iteratively and all array field are assigned during one simulation time step, you do not need initialization input to the block.</p> <p>Accessing uninitialized elements of block output can result in unexpected behavior.</p>
Rationale	Avoid undesirable results in generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check usage of Math Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Math Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Math Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Math Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Math Operations blocks</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check usage of Math Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check usage of Math Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262–6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262–6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> </ul>

ID: Title	<b>hisl_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li><li>EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li><li>EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards'</li><li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'</li><li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 9.1</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

**ID: Title** hisl\_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks

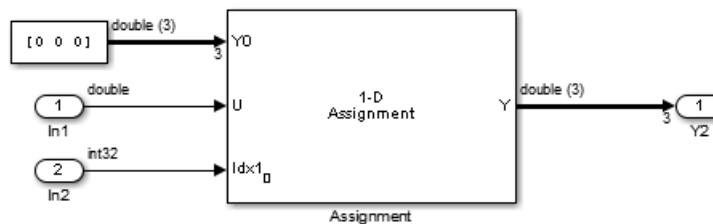
**Examples**


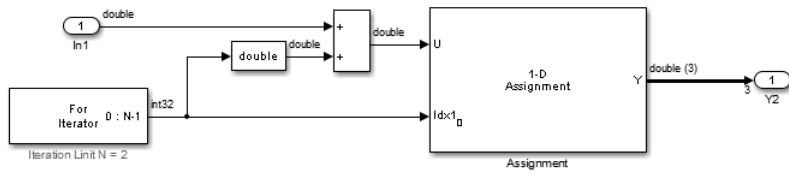
```

31 /* Model step function */
32 void Assignment1_step(void)
33 {
34     real T rtb_Assignment[2];
35
36     /* Assignment: '<Root>/Assignment' incorporates:
37      * Constant: '<Root>/Constant'
38      * Inport: '<Root>/U3'
39      */
40     rtb_Assignment[0] = Assignment1 U.U3;
41
42     /* Output: '<Root>/Y2' */
43     Assignment1 Y.Y2 = rtb_Assignment[1];
44 }

```

**Not Recommended: No initialization input Y0 when block is not used iteratively**



ID: Title	hisl_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks
	<pre data-bbox="333 303 1164 685"> /* Model step function */ 32 void Assignment2_step(void) 33 { 34     /* Assignment: '&lt;Root&gt;/Assignment' incorporates: 35      * Constant: '&lt;Root&gt;/Constant' 36      * Inport: '&lt;Root&gt;/In1' 37      * Inport: '&lt;Root&gt;/In2' 38      */ 39     Assignment2 Y.Y2[0] = 0.0; 40     Assignment2 Y.Y2[1] = 0.0; 41     Assignment2 Y.Y2[2] = 0.0; 42     Assignment2 Y.Y2[Assignment2 U.In2] = Assignment2 U.In1; 43 } </pre> <p data-bbox="326 720 1142 755"><b>Recommended: Initialization input Y0 when block is not used iteratively</b></p> 



ID: Title	hisl_0029: Usage of Assignment blocks
	<pre data-bbox="333 298 1172 725">/* Model step function */ 32 void Assignment3_step(void) 33 { 34     <u>int32 T</u> s1_iter; 35 36     /* Outputs for Iterator SubSystem: '&lt;Root&gt;/For Iterator Subsystem' incorporates: 37      * ForIterator: '&lt;Si&gt;/For Iterator' 38      */ 39     for (s1_iter = 0; s1_iter &lt; 2; s1_iter++) { 40         /* Assignment: '&lt;Si&gt;/Assignment' incorporates: 41          * DataTypeConversion: '&lt;Si&gt;/Data Type Conversion' 42          * Inport: '&lt;Root&gt;/In1' 43          * Sum: '&lt;Si&gt;/Add' 44          */ 45         <u>Assignment3 Y</u>.Out1[s1_iter] = <u>Assignment3 U</u>.In1 + ((<u>real T</u>)s1_iter); 46     } 47 48     /* End of Outputs for SubSystem: '&lt;Root&gt;/For Iterator Subsystem' */ 49 }</pre> <p data-bbox="326 760 1090 789"><b>Recommended: Initialize array fields when block is used iteratively</b></p>

## Ports & Subsystems

**In this section...**

“hisl\_0006: Usage of While Iterator blocks” on page 2-21

“hisl\_0007: Usage of While Iterator subsystems” on page 2-23

“hisl\_0008: Usage of For Iterator Blocks” on page 2-25

“hisl\_0009: Usage of For Iterator Subsystem blocks” on page 2-27

“hisl\_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks” on page 2-28

“hisl\_0011: Usage of Switch Case blocks and Action Subsystem blocks” on page 2-31

“hisl\_0012: Usage of conditionally executed subsystems” on page 2-33

“hisl\_0024: Inport interface definition” on page 2-35

“hisl\_0025: Design min/max specification of input interfaces” on page 2-37

“hisl\_0026: Design min/max specification of output interfaces” on page 2-39

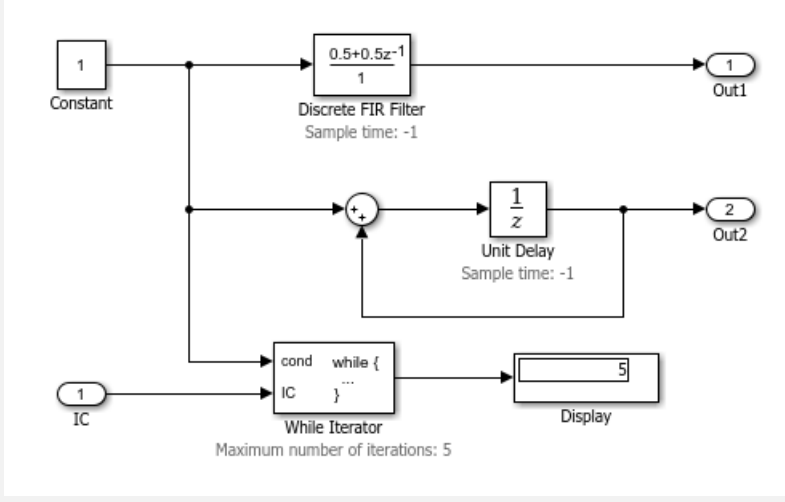
## hisl\_0006: Usage of While Iterator blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0006: Usage of While Iterator blocks	
Description	To support bounded iterative behavior in the generated code when using the While Iterator block, in the While Iterator block parameters dialog box:	
	A	Set <b>Maximum number of iterations</b> to a positive integer value; do not set value to $-1$ for unlimited.
	B	Consider selecting <b>Show iteration number port</b> to observe the iteration value during simulation.
Note	<p>When you use While Iterator subsystems, set the maximum number of iterations. If you use an unlimited number of iterations, the generated code might include infinite loops, which lead to execution-time overruns.</p> <p>To observe the iteration value during simulation and determine whether the loop reaches the maximum number of iterations, select the While Iterator block parameter <b>Show iteration number port</b>. If the loop reaches the maximum number of iterations, verify the output values of the While Iterator block.</p>	
Rationale	A, B	Support bounded iterative in the generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0006: Usage of While Iterator blocks</b>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li><li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li><li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li><li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li><li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li><li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li><li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'</li><li>• MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

## hisl\_0007: Usage of While Iterator subsystems

ID: Title	hisl_0007: Usage of While Iterator subsystems
Description	To support unambiguous behavior, when using While Iterator subsystems, avoid using sample time-dependent blocks, such as integrators, filters, and transfer functions, within the subsystems.
Rationale	Avoid ambiguous behavior from the subsystem.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	hisl_0007: Usage of While Iterator subsystems
Examples	<p>The following example causes a warning: the Discrete FIR Filter block is time-dependent and is in a For or While Iterator subsystem.</p>  <p>The diagram illustrates a Simulink model with the following components and connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Constant Block:</b> A square block containing the value '1'.</li> <li><b>Discrete FIR Filter Block:</b> A rectangular block with the transfer function <math>\frac{0.5+0.5z^{-1}}{1}</math> and a sample time of -1. It receives input from the Constant block and outputs to 'Out1'.</li> <li><b>Summing Junction:</b> A circular block with a '+' sign. It receives input from the Constant block and the output of the Unit Delay block.</li> <li><b>Unit Delay Block:</b> A rectangular block with the transfer function <math>\frac{1}{z}</math> and a sample time of -1. It receives input from the Summing Junction and outputs to 'Out2'.</li> <li><b>While Iterator Block:</b> A rectangular block labeled 'While Iterator' with a 'Maximum number of iterations: 5'. It contains a 'cond while { IC } ...' structure. It receives input from an 'IC' block (value 1) and outputs to a 'Display' block.</li> <li><b>Display Block:</b> A rectangular block showing the value '5'.</li> </ul> <p>The warning is triggered because the Discrete FIR Filter block is time-dependent (sample time = -1) and is located within a While Iterator subsystem.</p>

## hisl\_0008: Usage of For Iterator Blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0008: Usage of For Iterator blocks	
Description	To support bounded iterative behavior in the generated code when using the For Iterator block, do one of the following:	
	A	In the For Iterator block parameters dialog box, set <b>Iteration limit source</b> to <b>internal</b> .
	B	If <b>Iteration limit source</b> must be <b>external</b> , use a block that has a constant value, such as a Width, Probe, or Constant.
	C	In the For Iterator block parameters dialog box, clear <b>Set next i (iteration variable) externally</b> .
D	In the For Iterator block parameters dialog box, consider selecting <b>Show iteration variable</b> to observe the iteration value during simulation.	
Notes	When you use the For Iterator block, feed the loop control variable with fixed (nonvariable) values to get a predictable number of loop iterations. Otherwise, a loop can result in unpredictable execution times and, in the case of external iteration variables, infinite loops that can lead to execution-time overruns.	
Rationale	A, B, C, D	Support bounded iterative behavior in generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	

ID: Title	<b>hisl_0008: Usage of For Iterator blocks</b>
	For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, MB.Section 6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 14.2</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

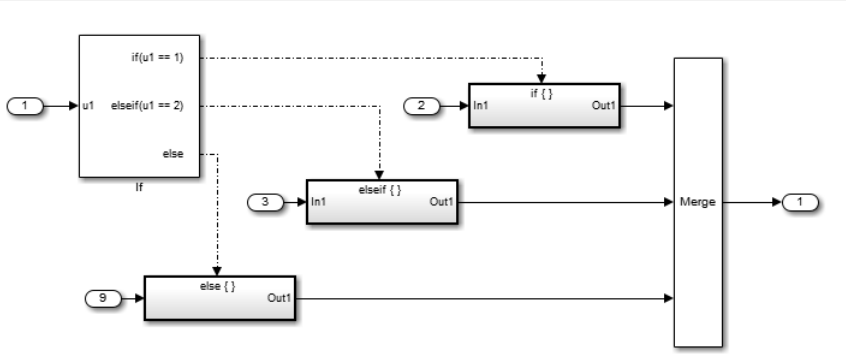
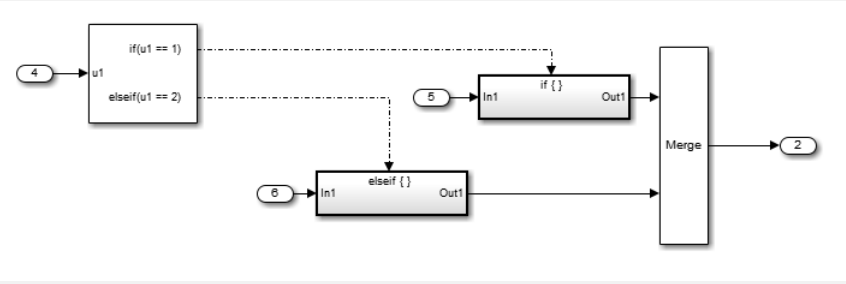


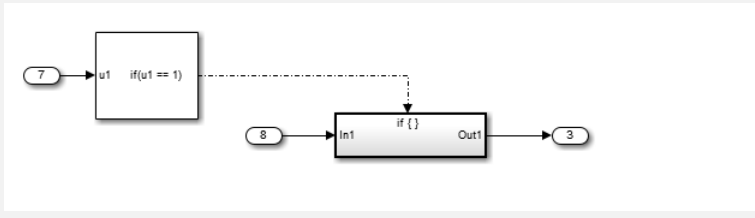
## hisl\_0009: Usage of For Iterator Subsystem blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0009: Usage of For Iterator Subsystem blocks
Description	To support unambiguous behavior when using the For Iterator Subsystem block, avoid using sample time-dependent blocks such as integrators, filters, and transfer functions within the subsystem.
Rationale	Avoid ambiguous behavior from the subsystem.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.1.g and MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016b
Examples	See “hisl_0007: Usage of While Iterator subsystems” on page 2-23.

## hisl\_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks

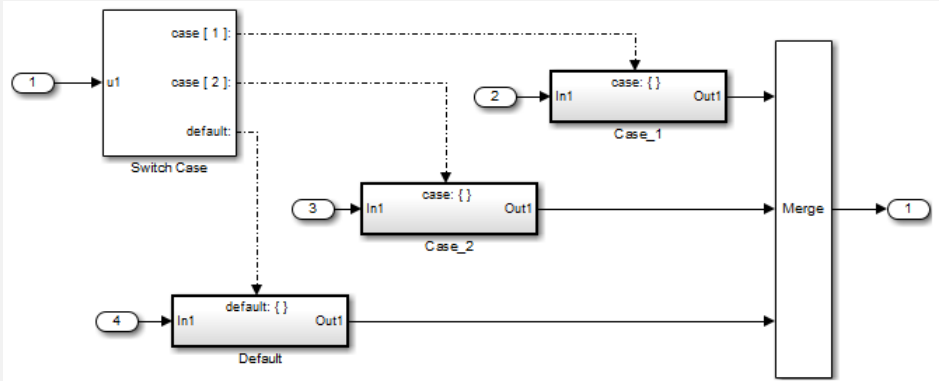
ID: Title	hisl_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks	
Description	To support verifiable generated code, when using the If block with nonempty <code>Elseif</code> expressions,	
	A	In the block parameter dialog box, select <b>Show else condition</b> .
	B	Connect the outports of the If block to If Action Subsystem blocks.
Prerequisites	"hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators" on page 2-54	
Notes	The combination of If and If Action Subsystem blocks enable conditional execution based on input conditions. When there is only an <code>if</code> branch, you do not need to include an <code>else</code> branch.	
Rationale	A, B	Support generation of verifiable code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see "Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks" (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see "Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks" (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> </ul>	

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.1.g and MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>DO-331 Section MB.6.3.1.b – High-level requirements are accurate and consistent</li> <li>DO-331 Section MB.6.3.2.b – Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent</li> </ul>
See Also	na_0012: Use of Switch vs. If-Then-Else Action Subsystem in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2016b
Examples	 <p><b>Recommended: Elseif with Else</b></p>  <p><b>Not Recommended: No Else Path</b></p>

ID: Title	hisl_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks
	 <p>The diagram illustrates a Simulink model with two main blocks. On the left, a block labeled 'if(u1 == 1)' has an input 'u1' connected to a signal source '7'. A dashed arrow points from the output of this block to the top input of a second block labeled 'if {}'. This second block has an input 'In1' connected to a signal source '8' and an output 'Out1' connected to a signal sink '3'.</p> <p><b>Recommended: Only an If, no Else required</b></p>

## hisl\_0011: Usage of Switch Case blocks and Action Subsystem blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0011: Usage of Switch Case blocks and Action Subsystem blocks	
Description	To support verifiable generated code, when using the Switch Case block:	
	A	In the Switch Case block parameter dialog box, select <b>Show default case</b> .
	B	Connect the outports of the Switch Case block to a Switch Case Action Subsystem block.
	C	Use an integer data type or an enumeration value for the inputs to Switch Case blocks.
Prerequisites	"hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators" on page 2-54	
Notes	The combination of Switch Case and If Action Subsystem blocks enable conditional execution based on input conditions. Provide a default path of execution in the form of a "Default" block.	
Rationale	A, B, C	Support generation of verifiable code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see "Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks" (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see "Check usage of Ports and Subsystems blocks" (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> </ul>	

ID: Title	hisl_0011: Usage of Switch Case blocks and Action Subsystem blocks
	<p>IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262–6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262–6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 16.4</li> <li>• DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.1.g and MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• DO-331 Section MB.6.3.1.b – High-level requirements are accurate and consistent</li> <li>• DO-331 Section MB.6.3.2.b – Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent</li> </ul>
See Also	db_0115: Simulink patterns for case constructs in the Simulink documentation.
Last Changed	R2016b
Examples	<p>The following graphic displays an example of providing a default path of execution using a “Default” block.</p>  <p>The diagram illustrates a Simulink model for a switch-case construct. It starts with a 'Switch Case' block (labeled 'u1') that has three output paths: 'case [ 1 ]', 'case [ 2 ]', and 'default:'. Each path leads to a corresponding block: 'Case_1', 'Case_2', and 'Default'. Each of these three blocks has an 'In1' and 'Out1' port. The 'Out1' ports of 'Case_1', 'Case_2', and 'Default', along with a direct path from the 'Switch Case' block, all feed into a 'Merge' block. The 'Merge' block has an 'Out1' port. The diagram also shows numbered nodes (1, 2, 3, 4) representing inputs and outputs at various stages.</p>

## hisl\_0012: Usage of conditionally executed subsystems

ID: Title	hisl_0012: Usage of conditionally executed subsystems	
Description	To support unambiguous behavior, when using conditionally executed subsystems:	
	A	Specify inherited (- 1) sample times for all blocks in the subsystem, except Constant. Constant blocks can use infinite ( <code>inf</code> ) sample time.
	B	If the subsystem is called asynchronously, avoid using sample time-dependent blocks, such as integrators, filters, and transfer functions, within the subsystem.
Notes	<p>Conditionally executed subsystems include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If Action</li> <li>• Switch Case Action</li> <li>• Function-Call</li> <li>• Triggered</li> <li>• Enabled</li> </ul> <p>Sample time-dependent blocks include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Discrete State-Space</li> <li>• Discrete-Time Integrator</li> <li>• Discrete FIR Filter</li> <li>• Discrete Filter</li> <li>• Discrete Transfer Fcn</li> <li>• Discrete Zero-Pole</li> <li>• Transfer Fcn First Order</li> <li>• Transfer Fcn Real Zero</li> <li>• Transfer Fcn Lead or Lag</li> </ul>	
Rationale	A, B	Support unambiguous behavior.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> </ul>	

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0012: Usage of conditionally executed subsystems</b>
	ISO 26262–6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques' <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li><li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li><li>• DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.1.g and MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2016b
Examples	When using discrete blocks, the behavior depends on the operation across multiple contiguous time steps. When the blocks are called intermittently, the results may not conform to your expectations.



## hisl\_0024: Inport interface definition

ID: Title	hisl_0024: Inport interface definition
Description	<p>To support strong data typing and unambiguous behavior of the model and the generated code, for each root-level Inport block, explicitly set the following block parameters:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Data type</b></li> <li>• <b>Port dimensions</b></li> <li>• <b>Sample time</b></li> </ul>
Note	<p>Using root-level Inport blocks without fully defined dimensions, sample times, or data type can lead to ambiguous simulation results. If you do not explicitly define these parameters, Simulink back-propagates dimensions, sample times, and data types from downstream blocks.</p>
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Avoid unambiguous behavior.</li> <li>• Support full specification of software interface.</li> </ul>
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check for root Inports with missing properties</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check for root Inports with missing properties</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check for root Inports with missing properties</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check for root Inports with missing properties</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Simulink &gt; Check for root Inports with missing properties</b></li> </ul> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check for root Inports with missing properties” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table B.9 (6) ‘Fully defined interface’</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-4, Table 2 (2) ‘Precisely defined interfaces’</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (19) ‘Fully Defined Interface’</li> </ul>

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0024: Inport interface definition</b>
Last Changed	R2016a

## hisl\_0025: Design min/max specification of input interfaces

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0025: Design min/max specification of input interfaces</b>
Description	Provide design min/max information for root-level Inport blocks to specify the input interface ranges.
Notes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Specifying the range of Inport blocks on the root level enables additional capabilities<sup>a</sup>. Examples include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Detection of overflows through simulation range checking.</li> <li>• Code optimizations using Embedded Coder.</li> <li>• Design model verification using Simulink Design Verifier™.</li> <li>• Fixed-point autoscaling using Fixed-Point Designer™.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Specified design ranges can be used by Embedded Coder to optimize the generated code. If you want to use design ranges for optimization, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Code Generation</b> pane, consider selecting <b>Optimize using the specified minimum and maximum values</b>.</li> <li>• Ranges for bus-type Inport blocks are specified with the bus elements of the defining bus object. Simulink ignores range specifications provided directly at Inport blocks that are bus-type.</li> </ul>
Rationale	Support precise specification of the input interface.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check for root Inports with missing range definitions</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check for root Inports with missing range definitions</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check for root Inports with missing range definitions</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check for root Inports with missing range definitions</b></li> </ul> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check for root Inports with missing range definitions” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table B.9 (6) ‘Fully defined interface’</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> </ul>

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0025: Design min/max specification of input interfaces</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ISO 26262-4, Table 2 (2) ‘Precisely defined interfaces’</li><li>• EN 50128, Table A.1(11) – Software Interface Specifications, Table A.3 (19) ‘Fully Defined Interface’</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

- a. These capabilities leverage design range information for different purposes. For more information, refer to the documentation for the tools you intend to use.

## hisl\_0026: Design min/max specification of output interfaces

ID: Title	hisl_0026: Design min/max specification of output interfaces
Description	Provide design min/max information for root-level Outport blocks to specify the output interface ranges.
Notes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Specifying the range of Outport blocks on the root level enables additional capabilities<sup>a</sup>. Examples include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Detection of overflows through simulation range checking.</li> <li>• Code optimizations using Embedded Coder.</li> <li>• Design model verification using Simulink Design Verifier.</li> <li>• Fixed-point autoscaling using Fixed-Point Designer.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Specified design ranges can be used by Embedded Coder to optimize the generated code. If you want to use design ranges for optimization, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Code Generation</b> pane, consider selecting <b>Optimize using the specified minimum and maximum values</b>.</li> <li>• Ranges for bus-type Outport blocks are specified with the bus elements of the defining bus object. Simulink ignores range specifications provided directly at Outport blocks that are bus-type.</li> </ul>
Rationale	Support precise specification of the output interface.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check for root Outports with missing range definitions</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check for root Outports with missing range definitions</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check for root Outports with missing range definitions</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check for root Outports with missing range definitions</b></li> </ul> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check for root Outports with missing range definitions” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table B.9 (6) ‘Fully defined interface’</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> </ul>

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0026: Design min/max specification of output interfaces</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ISO 26262-4, Table 2 (2) ‘Precisely defined interfaces’</li><li>• EN 50128, Table A.1(11) – Software Interface Specifications, Table A.3 (19) ‘Fully Defined Interface’</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

- a. These capabilities leverage design range information for different purposes. For more information, refer to the documentation for the tools you intend to use.

## Signal Routing

**In this section...**

“hisl\_0013: Usage of data store blocks” on page 2-42

“hisl\_0015: Usage of Merge blocks” on page 2-46

“hisl\_0021: Consistent vector indexing method” on page 2-48

“hisl\_0022: Data type selection for index signals” on page 2-50

“hisl\_0023: Verification of model and subsystem variants” on page 2-51

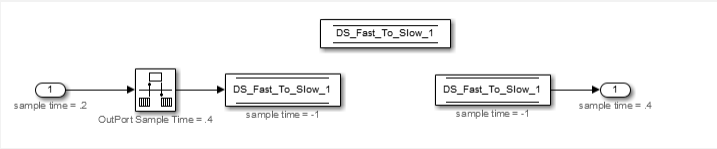
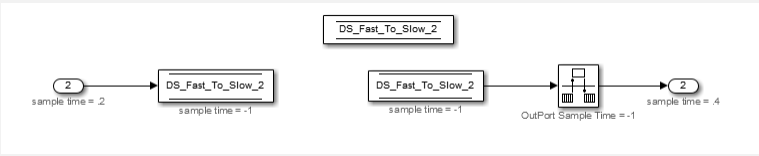
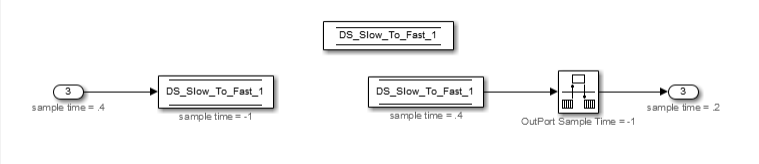
“hisl\_0034: Usage of Signal Routing blocks” on page 2-51

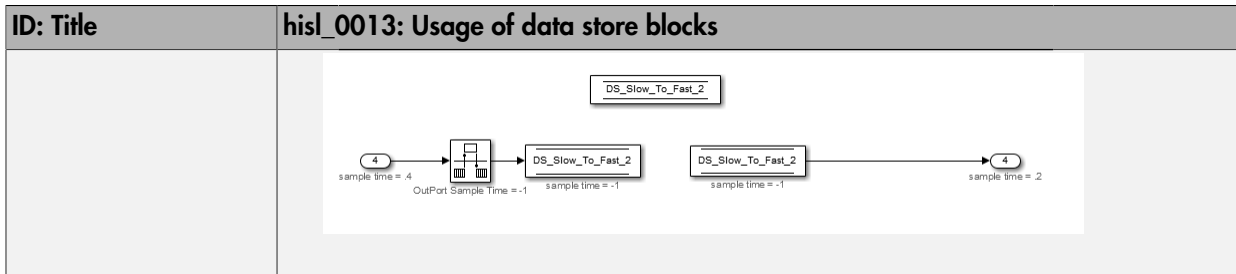
## hisl\_0013: Usage of data store blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0013: Usage of data store blocks	
Description	To support deterministic behavior across different sample times or models when using data store blocks, including Data Store Memory, Data Store Read, and Data Store Write:	
	A	<p>In the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Diagnostics &gt; Data Validity</b> pane, under <b>Data Store Memory block</b>, set the following parameters to <b>error</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Detect read before write</b></li> <li>• <b>Detect write after read</b></li> <li>• <b>Detect write after write</b></li> <li>• <b>Multitask data store</b></li> <li>• <b>Duplicate data store names</b></li> </ul>
	B	Avoid data store reads and writes that occur across model and atomic subsystem boundaries.
Notes	C	Avoid using data stores to write and read data at different rates, because different rates can result in inconsistent exchanges of data. To provide deterministic data coupling in multirate systems, use Rate Transition blocks before Data Store Write blocks, or after Data Store Read blocks.
	<p>The sorting algorithm in Simulink does not take into account data coupling between models and atomic subsystems.</p> <p>Using data store memory blocks can have significant impact on your software verification effort. Models and subsystems that use only inports and outports to pass data provide a directly traceable interface, simplifying the verification process.</p>	
Rationale	A, B, C	Support consistent data values across different sample times or models.
Model Advisor Checks	<b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data store memory</b>	



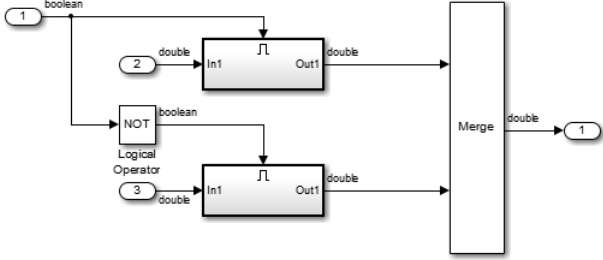
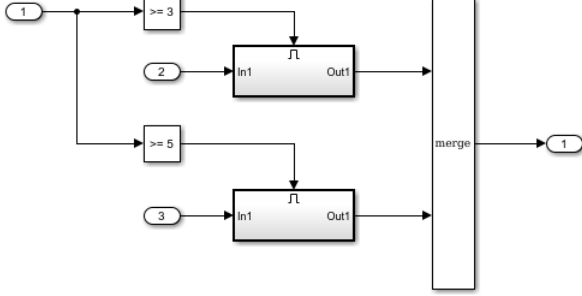
ID: Title	<b>hisl_0013: Usage of data store blocks</b>
	For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data store memory” (Simulink Verification and Validation).
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li><li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li><li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li><li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li><li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li><li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li><li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent'</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	hisl_0013: Usage of data store blocks
Examples	<p>The following examples use Rate Transition blocks to provide deterministic data coupling in multirate systems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For fast-to-slow transitions:           <p>Set the rate of the slow sample time on either the Rate Transition block or the Data Store Write block.</p>  <p>Do not place the Rate Transition block after the Data Store Read block.</p>  </li> <li>For slow-to-fast transitions:           <p>If the Rate Transition block is after the Data Store Read block, specify the slow rate on the Data Store Read block.</p>  <p>If the Rate Transition block is before the Data Store Write block, use the inherited sample time for the blocks.</p> </li> </ul>



## hisl\_0015: Usage of Merge blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0015: Usage of Merge blocks	
Description	To support unambiguous behavior from Merge blocks,	
	A	Use Merge blocks only with conditionally executed subsystems.
	B	Specify execution of the conditionally executed subsystems such that only one subsystem executes during a time step.
	C	Clear the Merge block parameter <b>Allow unequal port widths</b> .
Notes	<p>Simulink combines the inputs of the Merge block into a single output. The output value at any time is equal to the most recently computed output of the blocks that drive the Merge block. Therefore, the Merge block output is dependent upon the execution order of the input computations.</p> <p>To provide predictable behavior of the Merge block output, you must have mutual exclusion between the conditionally executed subsystems feeding a Merge block. If the inputs are not mutually exclusive, Simulink uses the last input port.</p>	
Rationale	A, B, C	Avoid unambiguous behavior.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent'</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016b	

ID: Title	hisl_0015: Usage of Merge blocks
Examples	<p data-bbox="467 331 571 352">Recommended</p>  <p data-bbox="372 694 541 720">Recommended</p> <p data-bbox="385 755 489 772">Not Recommended</p>  <p data-bbox="372 1128 593 1154">Not Recommended</p> <p>The 'Recommended' diagram shows a circuit with three input nodes: a 'boolean' node labeled '1', a 'double' node labeled '2', and another 'double' node labeled '3'. The 'boolean' node is connected to the top input of two AND gates (represented by the symbol <math>\wedge</math>). The 'double' node '2' is connected to the bottom input of the top AND gate. The 'double' node '3' is connected to the bottom input of the bottom AND gate. The outputs of both AND gates are 'double' signals that are fed into a 'Merge' block. The output of the 'Merge' block is a 'double' signal labeled '1'. The 'NOT Logical Operator' block is present but its output is not connected to any other component.</p> <p>The 'Not Recommended' diagram shows a circuit with three input nodes: a 'boolean' node labeled '1', a 'double' node labeled '2', and another 'double' node labeled '3'. The 'boolean' node is connected to the top input of two AND gates. The output of the top AND gate is connected to the top input of a 'merge' block. The output of the bottom AND gate is connected to the bottom input of the 'merge' block. The 'merge' block has two inputs and one output, which is a 'double' signal labeled '1'. There are also two comparison blocks, '&gt;= 3' and '&gt;= 5', which are not connected to any other components in the diagram.</p>

## hisl\_0021: Consistent vector indexing method

ID: Title	hisl_0021: Consistent vector indexing method			
Description	<p>Within a model, use:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="372 418 1338 718"> <tr> <td data-bbox="372 418 442 718">A</td> <td data-bbox="442 418 1338 718"> <p>A consistent vector indexing method for all blocks. Blocks for which you should set the indexing method include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Index Vector</li> <li>• Multiport Switch</li> <li>• Assignment</li> <li>• Selector</li> <li>• For Iterator</li> </ul> </td> </tr> </table>		A	<p>A consistent vector indexing method for all blocks. Blocks for which you should set the indexing method include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Index Vector</li> <li>• Multiport Switch</li> <li>• Assignment</li> <li>• Selector</li> <li>• For Iterator</li> </ul>
A	<p>A consistent vector indexing method for all blocks. Blocks for which you should set the indexing method include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Index Vector</li> <li>• Multiport Switch</li> <li>• Assignment</li> <li>• Selector</li> <li>• For Iterator</li> </ul>			
Rationale	A	Reduce the risk of introducing errors due to inconsistent indexing.		
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check for inconsistent vector indexing methods” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>			
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508–3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (5) 'Design and coding standards'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1e) 'Use of established design principles'</li> </ul>			

ID: Title	<b>hisl_0021: Consistent vector indexing method</b>
	ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) 'Use of unambiguous graphical representation' ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1g) 'Use of style guide' ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1h) 'Use of naming conventions' <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li><li>• EN 50128, Table A.12 (1) 'Coding Standard'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li></ul>
See Also	“cgsl_0101: Zero-based indexing”
Last Changed	R2016a

## hisl\_0022: Data type selection for index signals

ID: Title	hisl_0022: Data type selection for index signals	
Description	For index signals, use:	
	A	An integer or enumerated data type
	B	A data type that covers the range of indexed values.
Rationale	A	Prevent unexpected results that can occur with rounding operations for floating-point data types.
References	B	<p>Enable access to data in a vector.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508–3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language'</li> <li>• IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.f 'Accuracy and Consistency of Source Code'</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a	



## hisl\_0023: Verification of model and subsystem variants

ID: Title	hisl_0023: Verification of model and subsystem variants	
Description	When verifying that a model is consistent with generated code, do the following:	
	A	For each Model Variant block, verify that block parameter <b>Generate preprocessor conditionals</b> is cleared.
	B	For each Variant Subsystem block, verify that block parameter <b>Analyze all choices during update diagram and generate preprocessor conditionals</b> is cleared.
	C	Verify all combinations of model variants that might be active in the generated code.
Rationale	A,B	Simplify consistency testing between the model and generated code by restricting the code base to a single variant.
	C	Make sure that consistency testing between the model and generated code is complete for all variants.
Model Advisor Checks	<b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check for variant blocks with 'Generate preprocessor conditionals' active</b>  For check details, see “Check for variant blocks with 'Generate preprocessor conditionals' active” (Simulink Verification and Validation).	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>• IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (7) 'Use of trusted / verified software modules and components'</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016b	

## hisl\_0034: Usage of Signal Routing blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0034: Usage of Signal Routing blocks	
Description	To support the robustness of the operations when using Switch blocks:	
	A	Avoid comparisons using the <code>~=</code> operator on floating-point data types.
Note	Due to floating-point precision issues, do not test floating-point expressions for inequality ( <code>~=</code> ).	

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0034: Usage of Signal Routing blocks</b>	
	When the model contains a Switch block computing a relational operator with the ~= operator, the inputs to the block must not be single, double, or any custom storage class that is a floating-point type. Change the data type of the input signals, or rework the model to eliminate using the ~= operator within Switch blocks.	
Rationale	A	Improve model robustness.
Model Advisor Checks	<b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Simulink &gt; Check usage of Signal Routing blocks</b>  For check details, see “Check usage of Signal Routing blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.1.g and MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Dir 1.1</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016b	

## Logic and Bit Operations

**In this section...**

“hisl\_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators” on page 2-54

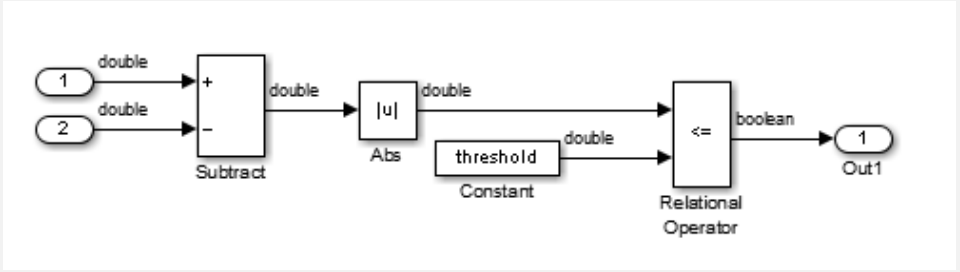
“hisl\_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)” on page 2-56

“hisl\_0018: Usage of Logical Operator block” on page 2-58

“hisl\_0019: Usage of Bitwise Operator block” on page 2-60

## hisl\_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators

ID: Title	hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators			
Description	<p>To support the robustness of the operations, when using blocks that compute relational operators, including Relational Operator, Compare To Constant, Compare to Zero, and Detect Change</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="373 465 1335 538"> <tr> <td data-bbox="373 465 452 538">A</td> <td data-bbox="458 465 1335 538">Avoid comparisons using the == or ~= operator on floating-point data types.</td> </tr> </table>		A	Avoid comparisons using the == or ~= operator on floating-point data types.
A	Avoid comparisons using the == or ~= operator on floating-point data types.			
Notes	<p>Due to floating-point precision issues, do not test floating-point expressions for equality (==) or inequality (~=).</p> <p>When the model contains a block computing a relational operator with the == or ~= operators, the inputs to the block must not be single, double, or any custom storage class that is a floating-point type. Change the data type of the input signals, or rework the model to eliminate using the == or ~= operators within blocks that compute relational operators.</p>			
Rationale	A	Improve model robustness.		
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>			
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> </ul>			

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Dir 1.1</li> </ul>
See Also	"hisl_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)" on page 2-56
Last Changed	R2016a
Examples	<p>Positive Pattern: To test whether two floating-point variables or expressions are equal, compare the difference of the two variables against a threshold that takes into account the floating-point relative accuracy (<b>eps</b>) and the magnitude of the numbers.</p> <p>The following pattern shows how to test two double-precision input signals, In1 and In2, for equality.</p> 

## hisl\_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)

ID: Title	hisl_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)	
Description	To support unambiguous behavior in the generated code, when using blocks that compute relational operators, including Relational Operator, Compare To Constant, Compare to Zero, and Detect Change	
	A	Set the block <b>Output data type</b> parameter to <b>Boolean</b> .
Rationale	A	Support generation of code that produces unambiguous behavior.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> </ul>	

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<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)</b>
	DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate' <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 10.1</li></ul>
See Also	“hisl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators” on page 2-54
Last Changed	R2016a

## hisl\_0018: Usage of Logical Operator block

ID: Title	hisl_0018: Usage of Logical Operator block	
Description	To support unambiguous behavior of generated code, when using the Logical Operator block,	
	A	Set the <b>Output data type</b> block parameter to <b>Boolean</b> .
Prerequisites	“hisl_0045: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double)” on page 5-26	
Rationale	A, B	Avoid ambiguous behavior of generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related optimization settings</b></li> </ul> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check usage of Logic and Bit Operations blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation) or “Check safety-related optimization settings” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> </ul>	



ID: Title	<b>hisl_0018: Usage of Logical Operator block</b>
	ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing' <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li><li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language'</li><li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li><li>• MISRA C:2012, Directive 1.1</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

## hisl\_0019: Usage of Bitwise Operator block

ID: Title	hisl_0019: Usage of Bitwise Operator block	
Description	To support unambiguous behavior, when using the Bitwise Operator block,	
	A	Avoid signed integer data types as input to the block.
	B	Choose an output data type that represents zero exactly.
Notes	Bitwise operations on signed integers are not meaningful. If a shift operation moves a signed bit into a numeric bit, or a numeric bit into a signed bit, unpredictable and unwanted behavior can result.	
Rationale	A, B	Support unambiguous behavior of generated code.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 10.1</li> </ul>	
See Also	"hisf_0003: Usage of bitwise operations" on page 3-12 in the Simulink documentation	
Last Changed	R2016a	

## Lookup Table Blocks

### hisl\_0033: Usage of Lookup Table blocks

ID: Title	hisl_0033: Usage of Lookup Table blocks	
Description	To support robustness of generated code, when using the 1-D Lookup Table, 2-D Lookup Table, n-D Lookup Table, Prelookup, and Interpolation Using Prelookup blocks:	
	A	In each 1-D Lookup Table, 2-D Lookup Table, n-D Lookup Table, or Prelookup block, verify that <b>Remove protection against out-of-range input in generated code</b> is cleared.
	B	In each Interpolation Using Prelookup block, verify that <b>Remove protection against out-of-range index in generated code</b> is cleared.
Note	If the lookup table inputs are not guaranteed to fall within the range of valid breakpoint values, exclusion of range-checking code may produce unexpected results.	
Rationale	A,B	Protect against out-of-range inputs or indices.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Simulink &gt; Check usage of lookup table blocks</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check usage of lookup table blocks” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.1.g and MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016b	



# Stateflow Chart Considerations

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- “Chart Properties” on page 3-2
- “Chart Architecture” on page 3-11

# Chart Properties

In this section...
“hisf_0001: Mealy and Moore semantics” on page 3-3
“hisf_0002: User-specified state/transition execution order” on page 3-5
“hisf_0009: Strong data typing (Simulink and Stateflow boundary)” on page 3-7
“hisf_0011: Stateflow debugging settings” on page 3-9

## hisf\_0001: Mealy and Moore semantics

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisf_0001: Mealy and Moore semantics</b>	
Description	To create Stateflow charts that implement a subset of Stateflow semantics,	
	A	In the Chart properties dialog box, set <b>State Machine Type</b> to <b>Mealy</b> or <b>Moore</b> .
	B	Apply consistent settings to the Stateflow charts in a model.
Note	<p>Setting <b>State Machine Type</b> restricts the Stateflow semantics to pure Mealy or Moore semantics. Mealy and Moore charts might be easier to understand and use in high-integrity applications.</p> <p>In Mealy charts, actions are associated with transitions. In the Moore charts, actions are associated with states.</p> <p>At compile time, the Stateflow software verifies that the chart semantics comply with the formal definitions and rules of the selected type of state machine. If the chart semantics are not in compliance, the software provides a diagnostic message.</p>	
Rationale	A, B	Promote a clear modeling style.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check state machine type of Stateflow charts</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check state machine type of Stateflow charts</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check state machine type of Stateflow charts</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check state machine type of Stateflow charts</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check state machine type of Stateflow charts</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check state machine type of Stateflow charts” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check state machine type of Stateflow charts” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisf_0001: Mealy and Moore semantics</b>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset</li><li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li><li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li><li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.e 'Software architecture conform to standards'</li></ul>
See Also	“Create Mealy and Moore Charts” (Stateflow) in the Stateflow documentation
Last Changed	R2016a



## hisf\_0002: User-specified state/transition execution order

ID: Title	hisf_0002: User-specified state/transition execution order	
Description	Do the following to explicitly set the execution order for active states and valid transitions in Stateflow charts:	
	A	In the Chart Properties dialog box, select <b>User specified state/transition execution order</b> .
	B	In the Stateflow Editor <b>View</b> menu, select <b>Show Transition Execution Order</b> .
	C	Set default transition to evaluate last.
Note	<p>Selecting <b>User specified state/transition execution order</b> restricts the dependency of a Stateflow chart semantics on the geometric position of parallel states and transitions.</p> <p>Specifying the execution order of states and transitions allows you to enforce determinism in the search order for active states and valid transitions. You have control of the order in which parallel states are executed and transitions originating from a source are tested for execution. If you do not explicitly set the execution order, the Stateflow software determines the execution order following a deterministic algorithm.</p> <p>Selecting <b>Show Transition Execution Order</b> displays the transition testing order.</p>	
Rationale	A, B, C	Promote an unambiguous modeling style.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check Stateflow charts for ordering of states and transitions</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> </ul>	

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisf_0002: User-specified state/transition execution order</b>
	<p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check Stateflow charts for ordering of states and transitions” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check usage of Stateflow constructs” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
References	<p>This guideline supports adhering to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) 'Use of unambiguous graphical representation'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.e 'Software architecture conform to standards '</li> </ul>
See Also	<p>The following topics in the Stateflow documentation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Transition Testing Order in Multilevel State Hierarchy” (Stateflow)</li> <li>• “Execution Order for Parallel States” (Stateflow)</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

## hisf\_0009: Strong data typing (Simulink and Stateflow boundary)

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisf_0009: Strong data typing (Simulink and Stateflow boundary)</b>	
Description	To support strong data typing between Simulink and Stateflow ,	
	A	Select <b>Use Strong Data Typing with Simulink I/O</b> .
Notes	<p>By default, input to and output from Stateflow charts are of type <b>double</b>. To interface directly with Simulink signals of data types other than <b>double</b>, select <b>Use Strong Data Typing with Simulink I/O</b>. In this mode, data types between the Simulink and Stateflow boundary are strongly typed, and the Simulink software does not treat the data types as <b>double</b>. The Stateflow chart accepts input signals of any data type supported by the Simulink software, provided that the type of the input signal matches the type of the corresponding Stateflow input data object. Otherwise, the software reports a type mismatch error.</p>	
Rationale	A	Support strongly typed code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> </ul> <p>For check details, see “Check usage of Stateflow constructs” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) ‘Strongly typed programming language’</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> </ul>	

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisf_0009: Strong data typing (Simulink and Stateflow boundary)</b>
	DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'
Last Changed	R2016a

## hisf\_0011: Stateflow debugging settings

ID: Title	hisf_0011: Stateflow debugging settings	
Description	To protect against unreachable code and indeterminate execution time,	
	A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In the Configuration Parameters dialog box, set:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Diagnostics &gt; Data Validity &gt; Wrap on overflow</b> to error.</li> <li>• <b>Diagnostics &gt; Data Validity &gt; Simulation range checking</b> to error.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In the model window, select:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Simulation &gt; Debug &gt; MATLAB &amp; Stateflow Error Checking Options &gt; Detect Cycles</b>.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Notes	Run-time diagnostics are only triggered during simulation. If the error condition is not reached during simulation, the error message is not triggered for code generation.	
Rationale	A, B	Protect against unreachable code and unpredictable execution time.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check Stateflow debugging options</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check Stateflow debugging options” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	

ID: Title	<b>hisf_0011: Stateflow debugging settings</b>
	For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check usage of Stateflow constructs” (Simulink Verification and Validation).
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) - Language subset</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262 Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming' EN 50128, Table A.4 11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent' DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

## Chart Architecture

**In this section...**

“hisf\_0003: Usage of bitwise operations” on page 3-12

“hisf\_0004: Usage of recursive behavior” on page 3-13

“hisf\_0007: Usage of junction conditions (maintaining mutual exclusion)” on page 3-15

“hisf\_0010: Usage of transition paths (looping out of parent of source and destination objects)” on page 3-16

“hisf\_0012: Chart comments” on page 3-18

“hisf\_0013: Usage of transition paths (crossing parallel state boundaries)” on page 3-19

“hisf\_0014: Usage of transition paths (passing through states)” on page 3-22

“hisf\_0015: Strong data typing (casting variables and parameters in expressions)” on page 3-23

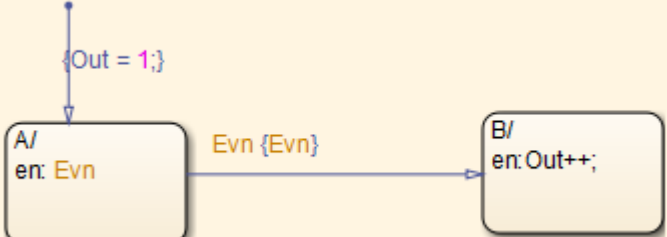
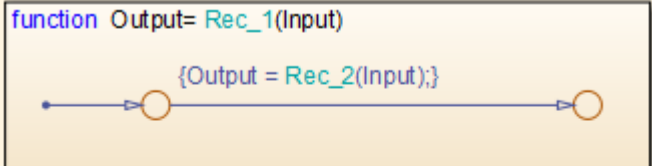
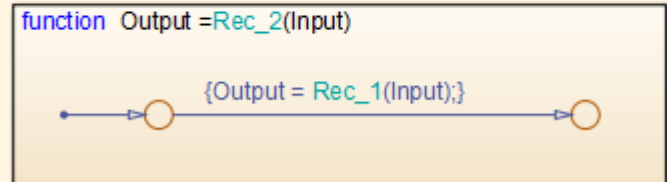
### hisf\_0003: Usage of bitwise operations

ID: Title	hisf_0003: Usage of bitwise operations	
Description	When using bitwise operations in Stateflow blocks,	
	A	Avoid signed integer data types as operands to the bitwise operations.
Notes	Normally, bitwise operations are not meaningful on signed integers. Undesired behavior can occur. For example, a shift operation might move the sign bit into the number, or a numeric bit into the sign bit.	
Rationale	A	Promote unambiguous modeling style.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for MAAB &gt; Stateflow &gt; Check for bitwise operations in Stateflow charts</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check for bitwise operations in Stateflow charts” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section 6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 10.1</li> </ul>	
See Also	“hisl_0019: Usage of Bitwise Operator block” on page 2-60	
Last Changed	R2016a	



## hisf\_0004: Usage of recursive behavior

ID: Title	hisf_0004: Usage of recursive behavior	
Description	To support bounded function call behavior, avoid using design patterns that include unbounded recursive behavior. Recursive behavior is bound if you do the following:	
	A	Use an explicit termination condition that is local to the recursive call.
	B	Make sure the termination condition is reached.
Notes	This rule only applies if a chart is a classic Stateflow chart. If “hisf_0001: Mealy and Moore semantics” on page 3-3 is followed, recursive behavior is prevented due to restrictions in the chart semantics. Additionally, you can detect the error during simulation by enabling the Stateflow diagnostic <b>Detect Cycles</b> .	
Rationale	A, B	Promote bounded function call behavior.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table B.1 (6) 'Limited use of recursion'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 9 (j) 'No recursions'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.12 (6) 'Limited Use of Recursion'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 17.2</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016a	
Examples	There are multiple patterns in Stateflow that can result in unbounded recursion.	

ID: Title	hisf_0004: Usage of recursive behavior
	
	<p><b>Recursive Function Calls</b></p>
	<p>When the default state A is entered, event EVN is broadcast in the entry action of A. EVN results in a recursive call of the interpretation algorithm. Since A is active, the outgoing transition of A is tested. Since the current event EVN matches the transition event (and because of the absence of condition) the condition action is executed, broadcasting EVN again. This results in a new call of the interpretation algorithm which repeats the same sequence of steps until stack overflow.</p>
	
	
	<p><b>Recursive Function Calls</b></p>

## hisf\_0007: Usage of junction conditions (maintaining mutual exclusion)

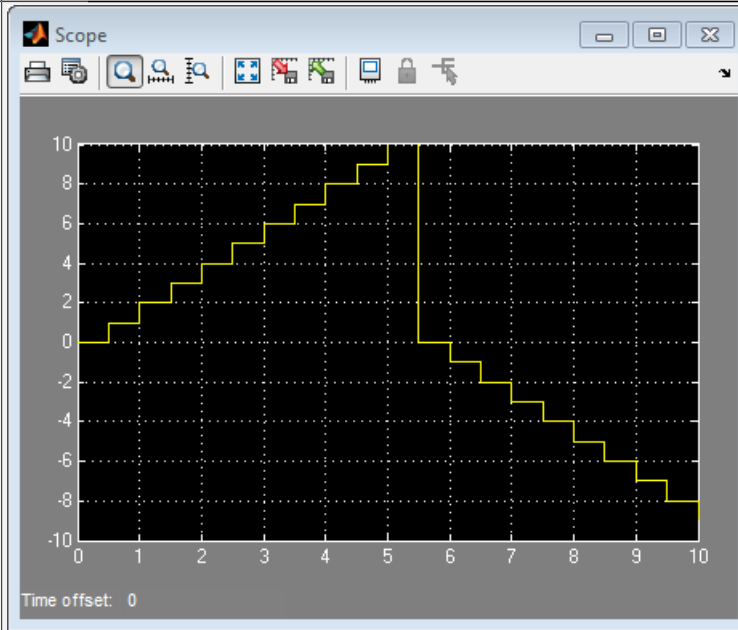
ID: Title	hisf_0007: Usage of junction conditions (maintaining mutual exclusion)	
Description	To enhance clarity and prevent the generation of unreachable code,	
	A	Make junction conditions mutually exclusive.
Notes	You can use this guideline to maintain a modeling language subset in high-integrity projects.	
Rationale	A	Enhance clarity and prevent generation of unreachable code.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.d 'High-level requirements are verifiable'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.d 'Low-level requirements are verifiable'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2012b	

## hisf\_0010: Usage of transition paths (looping out of parent of source and destination objects)

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisf_0010: Usage of transition paths (looping out of parent of source and destination objects)</b>
Description	<p>Transitions that loop out of the parent of the source and destination objects are typically unintentional and cause the parent to deactivate.</p> <p>A     Avoid using these transitions.</p>
Notes	<p>You can use this guideline to maintain a modeling language subset in high-integrity projects.</p>
Rationale	<p>A     Promote a clear modeling style.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2012b
Examples	<p>The diagram illustrates a Stateflow chart with a parent state <code>A_Parent/</code> containing two sub-states: <code>A_sub_1/</code> and <code>A_sub_2/</code>. The parent state's entry condition is <code>en: Out = 0;</code>. <code>A_sub_1/</code> has a do-while loop with the update <code>du: Out++;</code>. <code>A_sub_2/</code> has a do-while loop with the update <code>du: Out--;</code>. A transition path loops from <code>A_sub_1/</code> back to <code>A_sub_2/</code> with the guard <code>[Out &gt;= 10]</code>. This transition path loops out of the parent state, which is the focus of the guideline.</p>

ID: Title

hisf\_0010: Usage of transition paths (looping out of parent of source and destination objects)

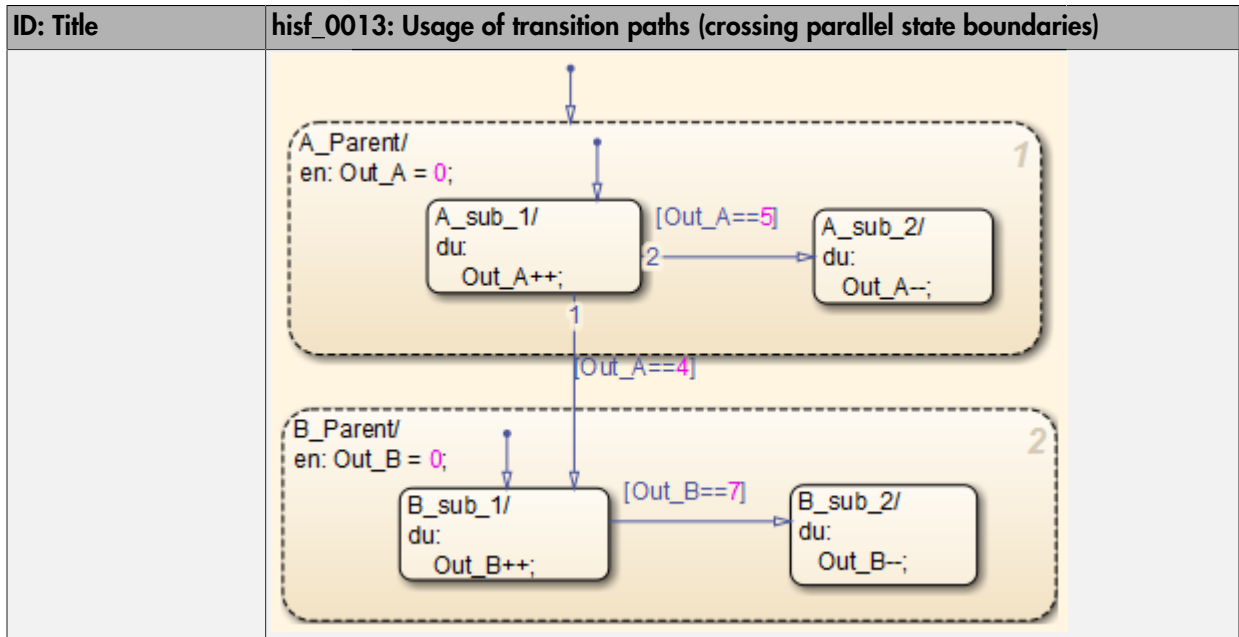


### hisf\_0012: Chart comments

ID: Title	hisf_0012: Chart comments	
Description	To enhance traceability between generated code and a model,	
	A	Add comments to the following Stateflow objects: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Transitions</li></ul>
Rationale	A	Enhance traceability between generated code and the corresponding model.
References	• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e 'Source code is traceable to low-level requirements'	
Last Changed	R2012b	

## hisf\_0013: Usage of transition paths (crossing parallel state boundaries)

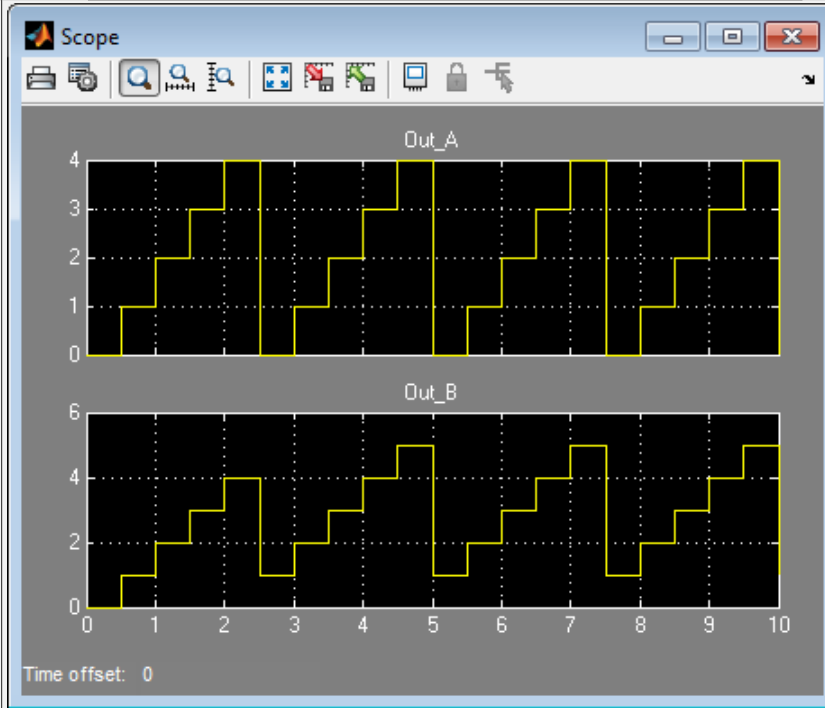
ID: Title	<b>hisf_0013: Usage of transition paths (crossing parallel state boundaries)</b>	
Description	To avoid creating diagrams that are hard to understand,	
	A	Avoid creating transitions that cross from one parallel state to another.
Notes	You can use this guideline to maintain a modeling language subset in high-integrity projects.	
Rationale	A	Enhance model readability.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016a	
Example	In the following example, when Out_A is 4, both parent states (A_Parent and B_Parent) are reentered. Reentering the parent states resets the values of Out_A and Out_B to zero.	



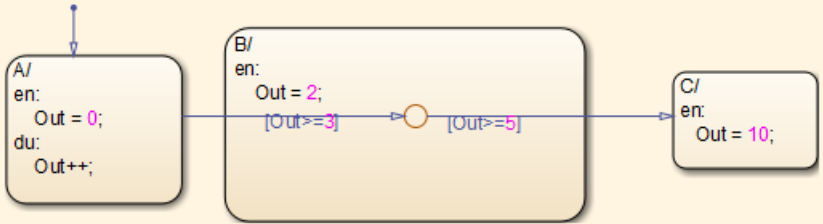


ID: Title

hisf\_0013: Usage of transition paths (crossing parallel state boundaries)

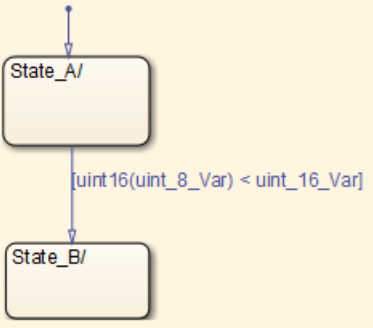
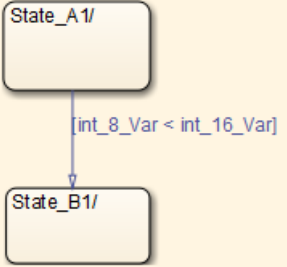


### hisf\_0014: Usage of transition paths (passing through states)

ID: Title	hisf_0014: Usage of transition paths (passing through states)	
Description	To avoid creating diagrams that are confusing and include transition paths without benefit,	
	A	Avoid transition paths that go into and out of a state without ending on a substate.
Notes	You can use this guideline to maintain a modeling language subset in high-integrity projects.	
Rationale	A	Enhance model readability.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016a	
Examples	 <pre> stateDiagram-v2     [*] --&gt; A     state A {         en:         Out = 0;         Out++;     }     state B {         en:         Out = 2;     }     state C {         en:         Out = 10;     }     A --&gt; B: [Out &gt;= 3]     B --&gt; C: [Out &gt;= 5]     </pre>	

## hisf\_0015: Strong data typing (casting variables and parameters in expressions)

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisf_0015: Strong data typing (casting variables and parameters in expressions)</b>	
Description	To facilitate strong data typing,	
	A	Explicitly type cast variables and parameters of different data types in: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Transition evaluations</li> <li>• Transition assignments</li> <li>• Assignments in states</li> </ul>
Notes	The Stateflow software automatically casts variables of different type into the same data type. This guideline helps clarify data types of the intermediate variables.	
Rationale	A	Apply strong data typing.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016a	

ID: Title	hisf_0015: Strong data typing (casting variables and parameters in expressions)
Examples	 <p data-bbox="373 673 546 708"><b>Recommended</b></p>  <p data-bbox="373 1055 596 1090"><b>Not Recommended</b></p>

# MATLAB Function and MATLAB Code Considerations

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- “MATLAB Functions” on page 4-2
- “MATLAB Code” on page 4-13

# MATLAB Functions

In this section...
“himl_0001: Usage of standardized MATLAB function headers” on page 4-3
“himl_0002: Strong data typing at MATLAB function boundaries” on page 4-4
“himl_0003: Limitation of MATLAB function complexity” on page 4-7
“himl_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions” on page 4-9

## himl\_0001: Usage of standardized MATLAB function headers

ID: Title	himl_0001: Usage of standardized MATLAB function headers
Description	When using MATLAB functions, use a standardized header to provide information about the purpose and use of the function.
Rationale	A standardized header improves the readability and documentation of MATLAB functions. The header should provide a function description and usage information.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e – Source code is traceable to low-level requirements</li> </ul>
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MathWorks Automotive Advisory Board (MAAB) guideline na_0025: MATLAB Function Header</li> <li>• Orion GN&amp;C: MATLAB and Simulink Standards, jh_0073: eML Header</li> <li>• “MATLAB Function Block Editor”</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016b
Examples	<p>A typical standardized function header includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Function name</li> <li>• Description</li> <li>• Inputs and outputs (if possible, include size and type)</li> <li>• Assumptions and limitations</li> <li>• Revision history</li> </ul>

## himl\_0002: Strong data typing at MATLAB function boundaries

ID: Title	himl_0002: Strong data typing at MATLAB function boundaries
Description	<p>To support strong data typing at the interfaces of MATLAB functions, explicitly define the interface for input signals, output signals, and parameters, by setting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Complexity</li> <li>• Type</li> </ul>
Rationale	<p>Defined interfaces:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Allow consistency checking of interfaces.</li> <li>• Prevent unintended generation of different functions for different input and output types.</li> <li>• Simplify testing of functions by limiting the number of test cases.</li> </ul>
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check for MATLAB Function interfaces with inherited properties” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table B.9 (6) - Fully defined interface</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) - Use of unambiguous graphical representation</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.1 (11) - Software Interface Specifications</li> </ul>



<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>himl_0002: Strong data typing at MATLAB function boundaries</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b - Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent</li></ul>
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• MathWorks Automotive Advisory Board (MAAB) guideline na_0034: MATLAB Function block input/output settings</li><li>• Orion GN&amp;C: MATLAB and Simulink Standards, jh_0063: eML block input / output settings</li><li>• “MATLAB Function Block Editor”</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	himl_0002: Strong data typing at MATLAB function boundaries
Examples	<p><b>Recommended:</b></p> <p>In the “Ports and Data Manager”, specify the complexity and type of input u1 as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Complexity</b> to Off</li> <li>• <b>Type</b> to uint16</li> </ul> <div data-bbox="353 552 1159 864" style="text-align: center;"> </div> <p><b>Not Recommended:</b></p> <p>In the “Ports and Data Manager”, do <i>not</i> specify the complexity and type of input u1 as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Complexity</b> to Inherited</li> <li>• <b>Type</b> to Inherit: Same as Simulink.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> To access the “Ports and Data Manager”, from the toolbar of the “MATLAB Function Block Editor”, select <b>Edit Data</b>.</p>

## himl\_0003: Limitation of MATLAB function complexity

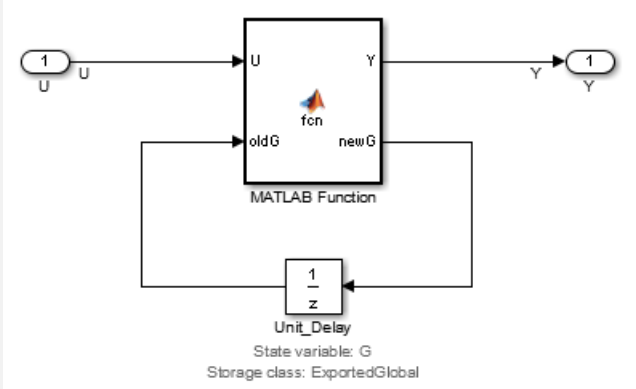
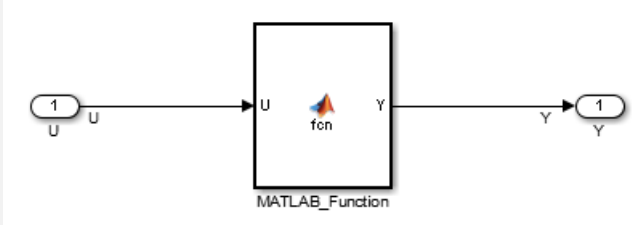
ID: Title	himl_0003: Limitation of MATLAB function complexity											
Description	<p>When using MATLAB functions, limit the size and complexity of MATLAB code. The size and complexity of MATLAB functions is characterized by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lines of code</li> <li>• Nested function levels</li> <li>• Cyclomatic complexity</li> <li>• Density of comments (ratio of comment lines to lines of code)</li> </ul>											
Note	<p>Size and complexity limits can vary across projects. Typical limits might be as described in this table:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="363 748 1337 973"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="363 748 788 791">Metric</th> <th data-bbox="788 748 1337 791">Limit</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="363 791 788 835">Lines of code</td> <td data-bbox="788 791 1337 835">60 per MATLAB function</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="363 835 788 878">Nested function levels</td> <td data-bbox="788 835 1337 878">3<sup>1,2</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="363 878 788 921">Cyclomatic complexity</td> <td data-bbox="788 878 1337 921">15</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="363 921 788 973">Density of comments</td> <td data-bbox="788 921 1337 973">0.2 comment lines per line of code</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><sup>1</sup>Pure Wrappers to external functions are not counted as separate levels.</p> <p><sup>2</sup>Standard MATLAB library functions do not count as separate levels.</p>		Metric	Limit	Lines of code	60 per MATLAB function	Nested function levels	3 <sup>1,2</sup>	Cyclomatic complexity	15	Density of comments	0.2 comment lines per line of code
Metric	Limit											
Lines of code	60 per MATLAB function											
Nested function levels	3 <sup>1,2</sup>											
Cyclomatic complexity	15											
Density of comments	0.2 comment lines per line of code											
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Readability</li> <li>• Comprehension</li> <li>• Traceability</li> <li>• Maintainability</li> <li>• Testability</li> </ul>											
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check MATLAB Function metrics</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check MATLAB Function metrics</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check MATLAB Function metrics</b></li> </ul>											

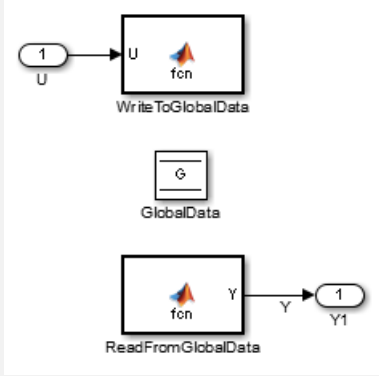
ID: Title	<b>himl_0003: Limitation of MATLAB function complexity</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check MATLAB Function metrics</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check MATLAB Function metrics</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check MATLAB Function metrics” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check MATLAB Function metrics” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table B.9 (6) - Fully defined interface</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) - Use of unambiguous graphical representation</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.1(11) - Software Interface Specifications</li> <li>• DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.1.e - High-level requirements conform to standards</li> <li>• DO-331, Sections MB.6.3.2.e - Low-level requirements conform to standards</li> </ul>
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MathWorks Automotive Advisory Board (MAAB) guideline na_0016: Source lines of MATLAB Functions</li> <li>• MathWorks Automotive Advisory Board (MAAB) guideline na_0017: Number of called function levels</li> <li>• MathWorks Automotive Advisory Board (MAAB) guideline na_0018: Number of nested if/else and case statement</li> <li>• Orion GN&amp;C: MATLAB and Simulink Standards, jh_0084: eML Comments</li> <li>• “MATLAB Function Block Editor”</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

## himl\_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions

ID: Title	himl_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions
Description	Avoid using global variables in MATLAB functions. To access shared data, use signal lines or persistent data.
Notes	Using global data in MATLAB code requires the definition of Data Store Memory blocks or Custom Storage class objects. If the read and write access order is not specified correctly, usage of this type of storage can lead to unexpected results.
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Readability</li> <li>• Maintainability</li> <li>• Deterministic Behavior</li> </ul>
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check MATLAB code for global variables</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check MATLAB code for global variables</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check MATLAB code for global variables</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check MATLAB code for global variables</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check MATLAB code for global variables</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check MATLAB code for global variables” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check MATLAB code for global variables” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Consistency'</li> </ul>

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>himl_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions</b>
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• na_0024: Global Variables</li><li>• “himl_0013: Usage of data store blocks” on page 2-42</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	himl_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions
Examples	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li> <b>Recommended</b> <pre data-bbox="412 355 742 529"> function [Y,newG] = ...     fcn(U,oldG)     %#codegen     Y    = oldG * U;     newG = oldG + 1; end </pre>  </li> <li> <b>Recommended</b> <pre data-bbox="412 1032 704 1206"> function Y = fcn(U)     %#codegen     persistent G;     if isempty(G)         G = 1;     end end </pre>  </li> <li> <b>Not Recommended</b> </li> </ul>

ID: Title	himl_0005: Usage of global variables in MATLAB functions
	<p>Write to global data function:</p> <pre data-bbox="412 352 630 491">function fcn(U)     %#codegen     global G;     G = U; End</pre> <p>Read from global data function:</p> <pre data-bbox="412 578 645 716">function Y = fcn     %#codegen     global G;     Y = G; end</pre>  <p>The diagram illustrates the data flow in a Simulink model. It features three main components: a 'WriteToGlobalData' block, a 'GlobalData' block, and a 'ReadFromGlobalData' block. The 'WriteToGlobalData' block is represented by a rectangle with a MATLAB logo and the text 'fcn'. It has an input port labeled 'U' and an output port labeled 'Y'. An arrow points from the 'U' input to the block, and another arrow points from the 'Y' output to a signal scope block labeled '1' and 'Y1'. The 'GlobalData' block is a smaller rectangle with a MATLAB logo and the text 'GlobalData', containing a variable 'G'. The 'ReadFromGlobalData' block is another rectangle with a MATLAB logo and the text 'fcn', with an input port labeled 'Y' and an output port labeled 'Y1'. An arrow points from the 'Y' output of the 'WriteToGlobalData' block to the 'Y' input of the 'ReadFromGlobalData' block.</p>



## MATLAB Code

### In this section...

“himl\_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation” on page 4-13

“himl\_0006: MATLAB code if / elseif / else patterns” on page 4-18

“himl\_0007: MATLAB code switch / case / otherwise patterns” on page 4-20

“himl\_0008: MATLAB code relational operator data types” on page 4-22

“himl\_0009: MATLAB code with equal / not equal relational operators” on page 4-23

“himl\_0010: MATLAB code with logical operators and functions” on page 4-25

### himl\_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation

ID: Title	himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation	
Description	When using MATLAB code:	
	A	To activate MATLAB Code Analyzer messages for code generations, use the <code>%#codegen</code> directive in external MATLAB functions.
	B	Review the MATLAB Code Analyzer messages. Either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Implement the recommendations or</li> <li>• Justify not following the recommendations with <code>%#ok&lt;message-ID(S)&gt;</code> directives in the MATLAB function. Do not use <code>%#ok</code> without specific message-IDs.</li> </ul>
Notes	The MATLAB Code Analyzer messages provide identifies potential errors, problems, and opportunities for improvement in the code.	
Rationale	A	In external MATLAB functions, the <code>%#codegen</code> directive activates MATLAB Code Analyzer messages for code generation.
	B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Following MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations helps to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Generate efficient code.</li> <li>• Follow best code generation practices</li> <li>• Avoid using MATLAB features not supported for code generation.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

ID: Title	himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Avoid code patterns which potentially influence safety.</li> <li>• Not following MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations are justified with message id (e.g. %#ok&lt;NOPRT&gt;.</li> </ul> <p>In the MATLAB function, using %#ok without a message id justifies the full line, potentially hiding issues.</p>
Model Advisor Checks		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages</b></li> </ul> <p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check MATLAB Code Analyzer messages” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>

ID: Title	himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (5) 'Design and coding standards'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1e) 'Use of established design principles'</li> <li>ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) 'Use of unambiguous graphical representation'</li> <li>ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1g) 'Use of style guide'</li> <li>ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1h) 'Use of naming conventions'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>EN 50128, Table A.12 (1) 'Coding Standard'</li> <li>EN 50128, Table A.12 (2) 'Coding Style Guide'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'Accuracy and consistency'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Accuracy and consistency'</li> </ul>
See Also	“Check Code for Errors and Warnings” (MATLAB)
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation
Examples	<p><b>Recommended</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Activate MATLAB Code Analyzer messages for code generations:           <pre>           %#codegen           function y = function(u)               y = inc_u(u));           end           function yy = inc_u(uu)               yy = uu + 1;           end           </pre> </li> <li>• Justify missing ; and value assigned might be unused:           <pre>           y = 2*u %#ok&lt;NOPRT,NAGSU&gt; output for debugging           ...           y = 3*u;           </pre> </li> <li>• If output is not desired and assigned value is unused, remove the line <code>y = 2*u ...</code>:           <pre>           y = 3*u;           </pre> </li> </ul> <p><b>Not Recommended</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• External MATLAB file used in Simulink with missing <code>%#codegen</code> directive:           <pre>           function y = function(u)               % nested functions can't be used for code generation               function yy = inc_u(uu)                   yy = uu + 1;               end               y = inc_u(u));           end           </pre> </li> <li>• All messages in line are justified by using <code>%#ok</code> without a message ID:           <pre>           % missing ';' and the value might be unused           y = 2*u %#ok           ...           y = 3*u;           </pre> </li> <li>• No justification:</li> </ul>

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ID: Title	himl_0004: MATLAB Code Analyzer recommendations for code generation
	% missing justification for missing ';' and unnecessary '['..]' y= [2*u]

**himl\_0006: MATLAB code if / elseif / else patterns**

ID: Title	<b>himl_0006: MATLAB code if / elseif / else patterns</b>
Description	For MATLAB code with <code>if / elseif / else</code> constructs, terminate the constructs with an <code>else</code> statement that includes at least a meaningful comment. A final <code>else</code> statement is not required if there is no <code>elseif</code> .
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Defensive programming</li> <li>• Readability</li> <li>• Traceability</li> </ul>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'Conformance to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Conformance to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.e 'Conformance to standards'</li> </ul>
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “himl_0010: Usage of If blocks and If Action Subsystem blocks” on page 2-28</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a
Examples	<p><b>Recommended</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <pre>if u &gt; 0     y = 1; end</pre></li> <li>• <pre>if u &gt; 0     y = 1; elseif u &lt; 0     y = -1; else     y = 0; end</pre></li> <li>• <pre>y = 0; if u &gt; 0</pre></li> </ul>

ID: Title	himl_0006: MATLAB code if / elseif / else patterns
	<pre>    y = 1; elseif u &lt; 0 y = -1; else     % handled before if end</pre> <p><b>Not Recommended</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• % empty else y = 0; if u &gt; 0     y = 1; elseif u &lt; 0     y = -1; else end</li><li>• % missing else y = 0; if u &gt; 0     y = 1; elseif u &lt; 0     y = -1; end</li></ul>

## himl\_0007: MATLAB code switch / case / otherwise patterns

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>himl_0007: MATLAB code switch / case / otherwise patterns</b>
Description	For MATLAB code with <code>switch</code> statements, include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• At least two <code>case</code> statements.</li> <li>• An <code>otherwise</code> statement that at least includes a meaningful comment.</li> </ul>
Note	If there is only one <code>case</code> and one <code>otherwise</code> statement, consider using an <code>if / else</code> statement.
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Defensive programming</li> <li>• Readability</li> <li>• Traceability</li> </ul>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.e 'Conformance to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e 'Conformance to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.e 'Conformance to standards'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 16.4</li> </ul>
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• na_0022: Recommended patterns for Switch/Case statements</li> <li>• “himl_0011: Usage of Switch Case blocks and Action Subsystem blocks” on page 2-31</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a
Examples	<p><b>Recommended</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <pre>switch u     case 1         y = 3;     case 3         y = 1;     otherwise</pre></li> </ul>



ID: Title	himl_0007: MATLAB code switch / case / otherwise patterns
	<pre>        y = 1;     end • y = 0;   switch u     case 1       y = 3;     case 3       y = 1;     otherwise       % handled before switch   end</pre> <p><b>Not Recommended</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• % no case statements switch u   otherwise     y = 1; end</li><li>• % empty otherwise statement switch u   case 1     y = 3;   case 3     y = 1;   otherwise end</li><li>• % no otherwise statement switch u   case 1     y = 3; end</li></ul>

**himl\_0008: MATLAB code relational operator data types**

ID: Title	<b>himl_0008: MATLAB code relational operator data types</b>
Description	For MATLAB code with relational operators, use the same data type for the left and right operands.
Note	If the two operands have different data types, MATLAB will promote both operands to a common data type. This can lead to unexpected results.
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Prevent implicit casts</li> <li>• Prevent unexpected results</li> </ul>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(c) 'Enforcement of strong typing'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> </ul>
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “himl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators” on page 2-54</li> <li>• “himl_0017: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators (2)” on page 2-56</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a
Examples	<p><b>Recommended</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>myBool == true</code></li> <li>• <code>myInt8 == int8(1)</code></li> </ul> <p><b>Not Recommended</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>myBool == 1</code></li> <li>• <code>myInt8 == true</code></li> <li>• <code>myInt8 == 1</code></li> <li>• <code>myInt8 == int16(1)</code></li> <li>• <code>myEnum1.EnumVal == int32(1)</code></li> </ul>

## himl\_0009: MATLAB code with equal / not equal relational operators

ID: Title	himl_0009: MATLAB code with equal / not equal relational operators
Description	<p>For MATLAB code with equal or not equal relational operators, avoid using the following data types:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single</li> <li>• Double</li> <li>• Types derived from single or double data types</li> </ul>
Note	<p>Consider the following code fragments:</p> <pre> <b>1</b>  sqrt(2)^2 == 2 <b>2</b>  sqrt(2^2) == 2 </pre> <p>Mathematically, both fragments are true. However, because of floating point rounding effects, the results are:</p> <pre> <b>1</b>  false <b>2</b>  true </pre>
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Prevent unexpected results</li> </ul>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• EN 50128, MB.6.3.2.g ' 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Dir 1.1</li> </ul>
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• jc_0481: Use of hard equality comparisons for floating point numbers in Stateflow</li> <li>• "himl_0016: Usage of blocks that compute relational operators" on page 2-54</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	himl_0009: MATLAB code with equal / not equal relational operators
Examples	<p data-bbox="372 296 1337 331"><b>Recommended</b></p> <ul data-bbox="372 348 1337 383" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="372 348 1337 383">• <code>myDouble &gt;= 0.99 &amp;&amp; myDouble &lt;= 1.01; % test range</code></li></ul> <p data-bbox="372 401 1337 435"><b>Not Recommended</b></p> <ul data-bbox="372 453 1337 534" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="372 453 1337 487">• <code>myDouble == 1.0</code></li><li data-bbox="372 487 1337 534">• <code>mySingle ~= 15.0</code></li></ul>

## himl\_0010: MATLAB code with logical operators and functions

ID: Title	himl_0010: MATLAB code with logical operators and functions
Description	For logical operators and logical functions in MATLAB code, use logical data types
Notes	Logical operators: &&,   , ~ Logical functions: and, or, not, xor
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Prevent unexpected results</li> </ul>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language'</li> <li>IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>ISO 26262-6, Table 1(c) 'Enforcement of strong typing'</li> <li>ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language'</li> <li>EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a
Examples	<p><b>Recommended</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>~myLogical (myInt8 &gt; int8(4)) &amp;&amp; myLogical xor(myLogical1,myLogical2)</li> </ul> <p><b>Not Recommended</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>~myInt8 myInt8 &amp;&amp; myDouble</li> </ul>



# Configuration Parameter Considerations

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- “Solver” on page 5-2
- “Diagnostics” on page 5-7
- “Optimizations” on page 5-25
- “Model Referencing” on page 5-35
- “Code Generation” on page 5-37

# Solver

In this section...
“hisl_0040: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Simulation time” on page 5-3
“hisl_0041: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Solver options” on page 5-4
“hisl_0042: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Tasking and sample time options” on page 5-5



## hisl\_0040: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Simulation time

ID: Title	hisl_0040: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Simulation time	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Solver</b> pane, set parameters for simulation time as follows:	
	A	<b>Start time</b> to 0.0.
	B	<b>Stop time</b> to a positive value that is less than the value of <b>Application lifespan (days)</b> .
Note	<p>Simulink allows nonzero start times for simulation. However, production code generation requires a zero start time.</p> <p>By default, <b>Application lifespan (days)</b> is auto. If you do not change this setting, any positive value for <b>Stop time</b> is valid.</p> <p>You specify <b>Stop time</b> in seconds and <b>Application lifespan (days)</b> is in days.</p>	
Rationale	A	Generate code that is valid for production code generation.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> </ul>	
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “hisl_0048: Configuration Parameters &gt; Optimization &gt; Application lifespan (days)” on page 5-28</li> <li>• Solver Pane section of the Simulink documentation</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016a	

## hisl\_0041: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Solver options

ID: Title	hisl_0041: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Solver options	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Solver</b> pane, set parameters for solvers as follows:	
	A	<b>Type</b> to Fixed-step.
	B	<b>Solver</b> to discrete (no continuous states).
Note	Generating code for production requires a fixed-step, discrete solver.	
Rationale	A, B	Generate code that is valid for production code generation.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> </ul>	
See Also	"Solver Pane" in the Simulink documentation	
Last Changed	R2016a	

## hisl\_0042: Configuration Parameters > Solver > Tasking and sample time options

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0042: Configuration Parameters &gt; Solver &gt; Tasking and sample time options</b>	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Solver</b> pane, set parameters for tasking and sample time as follows:	
	A	<p><b>Periodic sample time constraint</b> to Specified and assign values to <b>Sample time properties</b>.</p> <hr/> <p><b>Caution:</b> If you use a referenced model as a reusable function, set <b>Periodic sample time constraint</b> to Ensure sample time independent.</p>
	B	Clear the <b>Treat each discrete rate as a separate task</b> option to enable single-tasking mode and select it to enable multitasking mode.
	C	Clear the parameter <b>Automatically handle data transfers between tasks</b> .
Notes	<p>Selecting the <b>Automatically handle data transfers between tasks</b> check box might result in inserting rate transition code without a corresponding model construct. This might impede establishing full traceability or showing that unintended functions are not introduced.</p> <p>You can select or clear the <b>Higher priority value indicates higher task priority</b> check box . Selecting this check box determines whether the priority for <b>Sample time properties</b> uses the lowest values as highest priority, or the highest values as highest priority.</p>	
Rationale	A, B, C	Support fully specified models and unambiguous code.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e 'Source code is traceable to low-level requirements'</li> </ul>	

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0042: Configuration Parameters &gt; Solver &gt; Tasking and sample time options</b>
See Also	“Solver Pane” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2016a

## Diagnostics

### In this section...

“hisl\_0036: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Saving” on page 5-7

“hisl\_0043: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Solver” on page 5-9

“hisl\_0044: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Sample Time” on page 5-11

“hisl\_0301: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Compatibility” on page 5-14

“hisl\_0302: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Data Validity > Parameters” on page 5-15

“hisl\_0303: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Merge block” on page 5-16

“hisl\_0304: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model initialization” on page 5-17

“hisl\_0305: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Debugging” on page 5-18

“hisl\_0306: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Signals” on page 5-19

“hisl\_0307: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Buses” on page 5-20

“hisl\_0308: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Function calls” on page 5-21

“hisl\_0309: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Type Conversion” on page 5-22

“hisl\_0310: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model Referencing” on page 5-23

“hisl\_0311: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Stateflow” on page 5-24

### hisl\_0036: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Saving

ID: Title	hisl_0036: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Saving
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>All Parameters</b> tab, set the <b>Diagnostics &gt; Advanced Parameters</b> parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Block diagram contains disabled library links</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Block diagram contains parameterized library links</b> to error</li> </ul>

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0036: Configuration Parameters &gt; Diagnostics &gt; Saving</b>
Rationale	Prevent unexpected results.
Model Advisor Checks	<b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C / DO-331 &gt; Model Diagnostic Settings &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings for saving</b>  For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for saving” (Simulink Verification and Validation).
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b ‘Software architecture is consistent’</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2016b

## hisl\_0043: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Solver

ID: Title	hisl_0043: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Solver															
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Diagnostics</b> pane, set the <b>Solver</b> parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Algebraic loop</b> to error.</li> <li>• <b>Minimize algebraic loop</b> to error.</li> <li>• <b>Automatic solver parameter selection</b> to error.</li> <li>• <b>State name clash</b> to warning.</li> <li>• <b>Block priority violation</b> to error if you are using block priorities.</li> </ul>															
Note	<p>Enabling diagnostics pertaining to the solver provides information to detect violations of other guidelines.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="323 815 1335 1538"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="323 815 828 859">If Diagnostic Parameter...</th> <th data-bbox="828 815 1335 859">Is Not Set As Indicated, Then ...</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="323 859 828 968"><b>Algebraic loop</b></td> <td data-bbox="828 859 1335 968">Automatic breakage of algebraic loops can go undetected and might result in unpredictable block order execution.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="323 968 828 1078"><b>Minimize algebraic loop</b></td> <td data-bbox="828 968 1335 1078">Automatic breakage of algebraic loops can go undetected and might result in unpredictable block order execution.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="323 1078 828 1187"><b>Block priority violation</b></td> <td data-bbox="828 1078 1335 1187">Block execution order can include undetected conflicts that might result in unpredictable block order execution.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="323 1187 828 1326"><b>Unspecified inheritability of sample times</b></td> <td data-bbox="828 1187 1335 1326">An S-function that is not explicitly set to inherit sample time can go undetected and result in unpredictable behavior.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="323 1326 828 1465"><b>Automatic solver parameter selection</b></td> <td data-bbox="828 1326 1335 1465">An automatic change to the solver, step size, or simulation stop time can go undetected and might the operation of generated code.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="323 1465 828 1538"><b>State name clash</b></td> <td data-bbox="828 1465 1335 1538">A name being used for more than one state might go undetected.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		If Diagnostic Parameter...	Is Not Set As Indicated, Then ...	<b>Algebraic loop</b>	Automatic breakage of algebraic loops can go undetected and might result in unpredictable block order execution.	<b>Minimize algebraic loop</b>	Automatic breakage of algebraic loops can go undetected and might result in unpredictable block order execution.	<b>Block priority violation</b>	Block execution order can include undetected conflicts that might result in unpredictable block order execution.	<b>Unspecified inheritability of sample times</b>	An S-function that is not explicitly set to inherit sample time can go undetected and result in unpredictable behavior.	<b>Automatic solver parameter selection</b>	An automatic change to the solver, step size, or simulation stop time can go undetected and might the operation of generated code.	<b>State name clash</b>	A name being used for more than one state might go undetected.
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<b>Automatic solver parameter selection</b>	An automatic change to the solver, step size, or simulation stop time can go undetected and might the operation of generated code.															
<b>State name clash</b>	A name being used for more than one state might go undetected.															

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0043: Configuration Parameters &gt; Diagnostics &gt; Solver</b>
	<p>You can set the following diagnostic parameters to any value:</p> <p><b>Min step size violation</b>  <b>Consecutive zero crossings violation</b>  <b>Solver data inconsistency (on All Parameters tab)</b>  <b>Extraneous discrete derivative signals</b></p>
Rationale	Support generation of robust and unambiguous code.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• DO-331, MB.6.3.3.e 'Software architecture conforms to standards'</li> </ul>
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Model Configuration Parameters: Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation</li> <li>• jc_0021: Model diagnostic settings in the Simulink documentation</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a



## hisl\_0044: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Sample Time

ID: Title	hisl_0044: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Sample Time									
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Diagnostics &gt; Sample Time</b> pane, set the following <b>Sample Time</b> parameters to error:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Source block specifies -1 sample time</b></li> <li>• <b>Multitask rate transition</b></li> <li>• <b>Single task rate transition</b></li> <li>• <b>Multitask conditionally executed subsystem</b></li> <li>• <b>Tasks with equal priority</b></li> <li>• <b>Enforce sample times specified by Signal Specification blocks</b></li> <li>• <b>Unspecified inheritability of sample times</b></li> </ul> <p>If the target system does not allow preemption between tasks that have equal priority, set <b>Tasks with equal priority</b> to none.</p>									
Note	<p>Enabling diagnostics pertaining to the solver provides information to detect violations of other guidelines.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="323 979 1335 1538"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="323 979 828 1019">If Diagnostic Parameter...</th> <th data-bbox="828 979 1335 1019">Is Not Set As Indicated, Then ...</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="323 1019 828 1196"><b>Source block specifies -1 sample time</b></td> <td data-bbox="828 1019 1335 1196">Use of inherited sample times for a source block, such as Sine Wave, can go undetected and result in unpredictable execution rates for source and downstream blocks.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="323 1196 828 1367"><b>Multitask rate transition</b></td> <td data-bbox="828 1196 1335 1367">Invalid rate transitions between two blocks operating in multitasking mode can go undetected. You cannot use invalid rate transitions for embedded real-time software applications.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="323 1367 828 1538"><b>Single task rate transition</b></td> <td data-bbox="828 1367 1335 1538">A rate transition between two blocks operating in single-tasking mode can go undetected. You cannot use single-tasking rate transitions for embedded real-time software applications.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		If Diagnostic Parameter...	Is Not Set As Indicated, Then ...	<b>Source block specifies -1 sample time</b>	Use of inherited sample times for a source block, such as Sine Wave, can go undetected and result in unpredictable execution rates for source and downstream blocks.	<b>Multitask rate transition</b>	Invalid rate transitions between two blocks operating in multitasking mode can go undetected. You cannot use invalid rate transitions for embedded real-time software applications.	<b>Single task rate transition</b>	A rate transition between two blocks operating in single-tasking mode can go undetected. You cannot use single-tasking rate transitions for embedded real-time software applications.
If Diagnostic Parameter...	Is Not Set As Indicated, Then ...									
<b>Source block specifies -1 sample time</b>	Use of inherited sample times for a source block, such as Sine Wave, can go undetected and result in unpredictable execution rates for source and downstream blocks.									
<b>Multitask rate transition</b>	Invalid rate transitions between two blocks operating in multitasking mode can go undetected. You cannot use invalid rate transitions for embedded real-time software applications.									
<b>Single task rate transition</b>	A rate transition between two blocks operating in single-tasking mode can go undetected. You cannot use single-tasking rate transitions for embedded real-time software applications.									

ID: Title		hisl_0044: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Sample Time	
		If Diagnostic Parameter...	Is Not Set As Indicated, Then ...
		<b>Multitask conditionally executed subsystems</b>	A conditionally executed multirate subsystem, operating in multitasking mode. might go undetected and corrupt data or show unexpected behavior in a target system that allows preemption.
		<b>Tasks with equal priority</b>	Two asynchronous tasks with equal priority might go undetected and show unexpected behavior in target systems that allow preemption.
		<b>Enforce sample times specified by Signal Specification blocks</b>	Inconsistent sample times for a Signal Specification block and the connected destination block might go undetected and result in unpredictable execution rates.
		<b>Unspecified inheritability of sample times</b>	An S-function that is not explicitly set to inherit sample time can go undetected and result in unpredictable behavior.
Rationale	A	Support generation of robust and unambiguous code.	
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings for sample time.</b> For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for sample time” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers.</b> For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for solvers” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</li> </ul>		

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0044: Configuration Parameters &gt; Diagnostics &gt; Sample Time</b>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li><li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li><li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li><li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent'</li></ul>
See Also	"Model Configuration Parameters: Sample Time Diagnostics" in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2016a

## hisl\_0301: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Compatibility

ID: Title	hisl_0301: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Compatibility
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Diagnostics &gt; Compatibility</b> pane, set the <b>Compatibility</b> parameters as follows:</p> <p><b>S-function upgrades needed to error</b></p>
Rationale	<p>Improve robustness of design.</p>
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings for compatibility</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for compatibility” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
See Also	<p>“Model Configuration Parameters: Compatibility Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation</p>
Last Changed	<p>R2015b</p>

## hisl\_0302: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Data Validity > Parameters

ID: Title	hisl_0302: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Data Validity > Parameters
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Diagnostics &gt; Data Validity</b> pane, set the <b>Parameters</b> parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Detect downcast</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Detect precision loss</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Detect overflow</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Detect underflow</b> to error</li> </ul>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings for parameters</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for parameters” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Data Validity Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2015b

### hisl\_0303: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Merge block

ID: Title	hisl_0303: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Merge block
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>All Parameters</b> tab, in the <b>Diagnostics</b> category, set:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Detect multiple driving blocks executing at the same time step to error</b></li> </ul>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
See Also	“Detect multiple driving blocks executing at the same time step” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2016a

## hisl\_0304: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model initialization

ID: Title	hisl_0304: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model initialization
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>All Parameters</b> tab, in the <b>Diagnostics</b> category, set:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Underspecified initialization detection</b> to Simplified</li> </ul>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model initialization</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model initialization” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
See Also	“Underspecified initialization detection” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2016a

## hisl\_0305: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Debugging

ID: Title	hisl_0305: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Debugging
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, set <b>Configuration Parameters &gt; All Parameters &gt; Model Verification block enabling</b> to <b>Disable all</b> .
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
Model Advisor Checks	<p data-bbox="336 524 1258 586"><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data used for debugging</b></p> <p data-bbox="336 614 1322 677">For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for data used for debugging” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
See Also	“Model Verification block enabling” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2016a



## hisl\_0306: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Signals

ID: Title	hisl_0306: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Signals
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Diagnostics &gt; Connectivity</b> pane, set the <b>Signals</b> parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Signal label mismatch</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Unconnected block input ports</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Unconnected block output ports</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Unconnected line</b> to error</li> </ul>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal connectivity</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for signal connectivity” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Connectivity Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2015b

## hisl\_0307: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Buses

ID: Title	hisl_0307: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Buses
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Diagnostics &gt; Connectivity</b> pane, set the <b>Buses</b> parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Unspecified bus object at root Output block</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Element name mismatch</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Non-bus signals treated as bus signals</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Repair bus selections</b> to Warn and repair</li> </ul>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings for bus connectivity</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for bus connectivity” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Connectivity Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2015b

## hisl\_0308: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Function calls

ID: Title	hisl_0308: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Connectivity > Function calls
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Diagnostics &gt; Connectivity</b> pane, set the <b>Function calls</b> parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Invalid function-call connection</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Context-dependent inputs</b> to Enable all as errors</li> </ul>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings that apply to function-call connectivity</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings that apply to function-call connectivity” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Connectivity Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2015b

## hisl\_0309: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Type Conversion

ID: Title	hisl_0309: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Type Conversion
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Diagnostics &gt; Type Conversion</b> pane, set the <b>Type Conversion</b> parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Vector/matrix block input conversion</b> to error</li> </ul>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings for type conversions</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for type conversions” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Type Conversion Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2015b

## hisl\_0310: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model Referencing

ID: Title	hisl_0310: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Model Referencing
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Diagnostics &gt; Model Referencing</b> pane, set the <b>Model Referencing</b> parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Model block version mismatch</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Port and parameter mismatch</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Invalid root Inport/Outport block connection</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Unsupported data logging</b> to error</li> </ul>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model referencing</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related diagnostic settings for model referencing” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Model Referencing Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2015b

## hisl\_0311: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Stateflow

ID: Title	hisl_0311: Configuration Parameters > Diagnostics > Stateflow
Description	<p>For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Diagnostics &gt; Stateflow</b> pane, set the <b>Stateflow</b> parameters as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Unexpected backtracking</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Invalid input data access in chart initialization</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>No unconditional default transitions</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Transitions outside natural parent</b> to error</li> <li>• <b>Unreachable execution path</b> to error</li> </ul>
Rationale	Improve robustness of design.
See Also	“Model Configuration Parameters: Stateflow Diagnostics” in the Simulink documentation
Last Changed	R2016b

## Optimizations

**In this section...**

“hisl\_0045: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double)” on page 5-26

“hisl\_0046: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Block reduction” on page 5-27

“hisl\_0048: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Application lifespan (days)” on page 5-28

“hisl\_0051: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Signals and Parameters > Loop unrolling threshold” on page 5-29

“hisl\_0052: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Data initialization” on page 5-30

“hisl\_0053: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values” on page 5-31

“hisl\_0054: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions” on page 5-32

“hisl\_0055: Prioritization of code generation objectives for high-integrity systems” on page 5-33

## hisl\_0045: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double)

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0045: Configuration Parameters &gt; Optimization &gt; Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double)</b>	
Description	To support unambiguous behavior when using logical operators, relational operators, and the Combinatorial Logic block,	
	A	Select <b>Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double)</b> in the <b>All Parameters</b> pane in the Configuration Parameters dialog box.
Notes	Selecting the <b>Implement logic signals as Boolean data (vs. double)</b> parameter, enables Boolean type checking, which produces an error when blocks that prefer Boolean inputs connect to double signals. This checking results in generating code that requires less memory.	
Rationale	A	Avoid ambiguous model behavior and optimize memory for generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related optimization settings</b>  For check details, see “Check safety-related optimization settings” (Simulink Verification and Validation).	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (2) 'Strongly typed programming language'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1c) 'Enforcement of strong typing'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (8) 'Strongly Typed Programming Language'</li> <li>• DO-331, MB.6.3.1.e 'High-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>• DO-331, MB.6.3.2.e 'Low-level requirements conform to standards'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 10.1</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016a	



## hisl\_0046: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Block reduction

ID: Title	hisl_0046: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Block reduction	
Description	To support unambiguous presentation of the generated code and support traceability between a model and generated code,	
	A	Clear the <b>Block reduction</b> parameter on the <b>All Parameters</b> pane in the Configuration Parameters dialog box.
Notes	Selecting <b>Block reduction</b> might optimize blocks out of the code generated for a model. This results in requirements without associated code and violates traceability objectives.	
Rationale	A	Support unambiguous presentation of generated code.
	A	Support traceability between a model and generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related optimization settings</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related optimization settings” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IEC 61508-3, Clauses 7.4.7.2, 7.4.8.3, and 7.7.2.8 which require to demonstrate that no unintended functionality has been introduced</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e ‘Source code is traceable to low-level requirements’</li> </ul>	
See Also	“Block reduction” in the Simulink documentation	
Last Changed	R2016a	

## hisl\_0048: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Application lifespan (days)

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0048: Configuration Parameters &gt; Optimization &gt; Application lifespan (days)</b>	
Description	To support the robustness of systems that run continuously, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Optimization</b> pane:	
	A	Set <b>Application lifespan (days)</b> to <code>inf</code> .
Notes	Embedded applications might run continuously. Do not assume a limited lifespan for timers and counters. When you set <b>Application lifespan (days)</b> to <code>inf</code> , the simulation time is less than the application lifespan.	
Rationale	A	Support robustness of systems that run continuously.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related optimization settings</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related optimization settings” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> </ul>	
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Application lifespan (days)” in the Simulink documentation</li> <li>• “hisl_0040: Configuration Parameters &gt; Solver &gt; Simulation time” on page 5-3</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016a	

## hisl\_0051: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Signals and Parameters > Loop unrolling threshold

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0051: Configuration Parameters &gt; Optimization &gt; Signals and Parameters &gt; Loop unrolling threshold</b>	
Description	To support unambiguous code, set the minimum signal or parameter width for generating a for loop. In the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Optimization &gt; Signals and Parameters</b> pane,	
	A	Set <b>Loop unrolling threshold</b> to 2 or greater.
	B	If <b>Pack Boolean data into bitfields</b> is selected, set <b>Bitfield declarator type specifier</b> to <code>uint_T</code> .
Notes	The <b>Loop unrolling threshold</b> parameter specifies the array size at which the code generator begins to use a for loop, instead of separate assignment statements, to assign values to the elements of a signal or parameter array. The default value is 5.	
Rationale	A	Support unambiguous generated code.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 6.1</li> </ul>	
See Also	"Loop unrolling threshold" in the Simulink documentation	
Last Changed	R2015b	

## hisl\_0052: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Data initialization

ID: Title	hisl_0052: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Data initialization	
Description	To support complete definition of data and initialize internal and external data to zero, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Optimization</b> pane,	
	A	Clear <b>Remove root level I/O zero initialization</b> .
	B	Clear <b>Remove internal data zero initialization</b> .
Note	Explicitly initialize all variables. If the run-time environment of the target system provides mechanisms to initialize all I/O and state variables, consider using the initialization of the target as an alternative to the suggested settings.	
Rationale	A, B	Support fully defined data in generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related optimization settings</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related optimization settings” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent'</li> </ul>	
See Also	<p>Information about the following parameters in the Simulink documentation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Remove root level I/O zero initialization”</li> <li>• “Remove internal data zero initialization”</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016a	

## hisl\_0053: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0053: Configuration Parameters &gt; Optimization &gt; Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values</b>	
Description	To support verifiable code, In the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Optimization</b> pane,	
	A	Consider selecting <b>Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values</b> .
Notes	Avoid overflows as opposed to handling them with wrapper code. For blocks that have the parameter <b>Saturate on overflow</b> cleared, clearing <b>Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values</b> might add code that wraps out of range values, resulting in unreachable code that cannot be tested.	
Rationale	A	Support generation of code that can be verified.
Model Advisor Checks	<b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related optimization settings</b>  For check details, see “Check safety-related optimization settings” (Simulink Verification and Validation).	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 2.1</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> </ul>	
See Also	“Remove code from floating-point to integer conversions that wraps out-of-range values” in the Simulink documentation	
Last Changed	R2016a	

## hisl\_0054: Configuration Parameters > Optimization > Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0054: Configuration Parameters &gt; Optimization &gt; Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions</b>	
Description	To support the robustness of the operations, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Optimization</b> pane,	
	A	Clear <b>Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions</b> .
Note	Avoid division-by-zero exceptions. If you clear <b>Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions</b> , the code generator produces code that guards against division by zero for fixed-point data.	
Rationale	A	Protect against divide-by-zero exceptions for fixed-point code.
Model Advisor Checks	<b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related optimization settings</b>  For check details, see “Check safety-related optimization settings” (Simulink Verification and Validation).	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508-3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508-3 Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> </ul>	
See Also	“Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions” in the Simulink documentation	
Last Changed	R2016a	

## hisl\_0055: Prioritization of code generation objectives for high-integrity systems

ID: Title	hisl_0055: Prioritized configuration objectives for high-integrity systems	
Description	Prioritize objectives for high-integrity systems using the Code Generation Advisor by:	
	A	Assigning the highest priority to the high-integrity and traceability objectives ( <b>Safety precaution and Traceability</b> )
	B	Configuring the Code Generation Advisor to run before generating code by setting <b>Check model before generating code</b> to <b>On (proceed with warnings)</b> or <b>On (stop for warnings)</b> .
Notes	<p>Model configuration parameters provide control over many aspects of generated code. The prioritization of objectives specifies how configuration parameters are set when conflicts between objectives occur.</p> <p>Including the ROM, RAM, and Execution efficiency objectives with a lower priority in the list enables efficiency optimizations that do not conflict with Safety precaution and Traceability in the active configuration.</p> <p>Review the resulting parameter configurations to verify that safety requirements are met.</p>	
Rationale	A, B	When you use the Code Generation Advisor, configuration parameters conform to the objectives that you want and they are consistently enforced.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e 'Source code is traceable to low-level requirements'</li> <li>• IEC 61508–3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (3) 'Defensive Programming'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262–6, Table 1(b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262–6, Table 1(d) 'Use of defensive implementation techniques'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.3 (1) 'Defensive Programming'</li> </ul>	
See also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Set Objectives — Code Generation Advisor Dialog Box” (Simulink Coder)</li> <li>• “Manage a Configuration Set”</li> </ul>	

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0055: Prioritized configuration objectives for high-integrity systems</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• “cgsl_0301: Prioritization of code generation objectives for code efficiency”</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2016a



## Model Referencing

### hisl\_0037: Configuration Parameters > Model Referencing

ID: Title	hisl_0037: Configuration Parameters > Model Referencing	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Model Referencing</b> pane, set the <b>Options for all referenced models</b> and <b>Options for referencing this model</b> parameters as follows:	
	A	Set <b>Rebuild</b> to either <b>Never</b> or <b>If any changes detected</b> .
	B	Set <b>Never rebuild diagnostic</b> to <b>Error</b> if rebuild required. This diagnostic parameter is available only if <b>Rebuild</b> is set to <b>Never</b> .
	C	Clear <b>Pass fixed-size scalar root inputs by value for code generation</b> .
	D	Clear <b>Minimize algebraic loop occurrences</b> .
Rationale	A	To prevent unnecessary regeneration of the code, resulting in changing only the date of the file and slowing down the build process when using model references.
	B	For safety-related applications, an error should alert model developers that the parent and referenced models are inconsistent.
	C	To prevent unpredictable data because scalar values can change during a time step.
	D	To be compatible with the recommended setting of <b>Single output / update function</b> for embedded systems code.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Model Referencing &gt; Check safety-related model referencing settings</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related model referencing settings” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.b 'High-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.3.b 'Software architecture is consistent'</li> </ul>	

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0037: Configuration Parameters &gt; Model Referencing</b>
Last Changed	R2016b

## Code Generation

In this section...
“hisl_0038: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Comments” on page 5-37
“hisl_0039: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Interface” on page 5-38
“hisl_0047: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Code Style” on page 5-39
“hisl_0049: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Symbols” on page 5-40

### hisl\_0038: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Comments

ID: Title	hisl_0038: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Comments	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Code Generation &gt; Comments</b> pane, set the <b>Overall control</b> , <b>Auto generated comments</b> , and <b>Custom comments</b> parameters as follows:	
	A	Select <b>Include comments</b> .
	B	Select <b>Simulink block / Stateflow object comments</b> .
	C	Select <b>Show eliminated blocks</b> .
	D	Select <b>Verbose comments for SimulinkGlobal storage class</b> .
	E	Select <b>Requirements in block comments</b> .
Rationale	A	Including comments provides good traceability between the code and the model.
	B	Including comments that describe the code for blocks provides good traceability between the code and the model.
	C	Including comments that describe the code for blocks eliminated from a model provides good traceability between the code and the model.
	D	Including the names of parameter variables and source blocks as comments in the model parameter structure declaration in <i>model_prm.h</i> provides good traceability between the code and the model.
	E	Including requirement descriptions assigned to Simulink blocks as comments provides good traceability between the code and the model.

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0038: Configuration Parameters &gt; Code Generation &gt; Comments</b>
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related code generation settings</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related code generation settings” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e 'Source code is traceable to low-level requirements'</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016b

### hisl\_0039: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Interface

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0039: Configuration Parameters &gt; Code Generation &gt; Interface</b>	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Code Generation &gt; Interface</b> pane, set the <b>Software environment</b> , <b>Code interface</b> , and <b>Data exchange interface</b> parameters as follows:	
	A	Clear <b>Support: non-finite numbers</b> .
	B	Clear <b>Support: absolute time</b> .
	C	Clear <b>Support: continuous time</b> .
	D	Clear <b>Support: non-inlined S-functions</b> .
	E	Clear <b>Classic call interface</b> .
	F	Select <b>Single output / update function</b> .
	G	Clear <b>Terminate function required</b> .
	H	Select <b>Suppress error status in real-time model data</b> .
	I	Clear <b>MAT-file logging</b> .
Rationale	A	Support for non-finite numbers is not recommended for real-time safety-related systems.
	B	Support for absolute time is not recommended for real-time safety-related systems.
	C	Support for continuous time is not recommended for real-time safety-related systems.

ID: Title	<b>hisl_0039: Configuration Parameters &gt; Code Generation &gt; Interface</b>	
	D	Support for non-inlined S-functions requires support of non-finite numbers, which is not recommended for real-time safety-related systems.
	E	To eliminate model function calls compatible with the main program module of the pre-2012a GRT target that is not recommended for real-time safety-related systems; use an ERT based target instead.
	F	To simplify the interface to the real-time operating system (RTOS) and simplify verification of the generated code by creating a single call to both the output and update functions.
	G	To eliminate <i>model_terminate</i> function, which is not recommended for real-time safety-related systems.
	H	To eliminate extra code for logging and monitoring error status that might not be reachable for testing.
	I	To eliminate extra code for logging test points to a MAT file that is not supported by embedded targets.
Model Advisor Checks	<b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related code generation settings</b>  For check details, see “Check safety-related code generation settings” (Simulink Verification and Validation).	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.c 'High-level requirements are compatible with target computer'</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.c 'Low-level requirements are compatible with target computer'</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016b	

### **hisl\_0047: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Code Style**

ID: Title	<b>hisl_0047: Configuration Parameters &gt; Code Generation &gt; Code</b>	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Code Generation &gt; Code Style</b> pane, set the <b>Code Style</b> parameters as follows:	
	A	Set <b>Parenthesis level</b> to Maximum (Specify precedence with parentheses).

ID: Title	<b>hisl_0047: Configuration Parameters &gt; Code Generation &gt; Code</b>	
	B	Select <b>Preserve operand order in expression</b> .
	C	Select <b>Preserve condition expression in if statement</b> .
Rationale	A	To prevent unexpected results.
	B,C	To improve traceability of the generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related code generation settings</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related code generation settings” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.1.c ‘High-level requirements are compatible with target computer’</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.c ‘Low-level requirements are compatible with target computer’</li> <li>DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e ‘Source code is traceable to low-level requirements’</li> <li>MISRA C:2012, Rule 12.1</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016b	

### hisl\_0049: Configuration Parameters > Code Generation > Symbols

ID: Title	<b>hisl_0049: Configuration Parameters &gt; Code Generation &gt; Symbols</b>	
Description	For models used to develop high-integrity systems, in the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Code Generation &gt; Symbols</b> pane, set the <b>Auto-generated identifier naming rules</b> parameters as follows:	
	A	Set <b>Minimum mangle length</b> to 4 or greater.
Rationale	A	To minimize the likelihood that parameter and signal names will change during code generation when the model changes. Thus the option can decrease the effort to perform code review.
Model Advisor Checks	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check safety-related code generation settings</b></p> <p>For check details, see “Check safety-related code generation settings” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>	

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<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0049: Configuration Parameters &gt; Code Generation &gt; Symbols</b>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.e 'Source code is traceable to low-level requirements'</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2016b





# Naming Considerations

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## Naming Considerations

In this section...
“hisl_0031: File and folder names” on page 6-3
“hisl_0032: Model object names” on page 6-4

## hisl\_0031: File and folder names

ID: Title	hisl_0031: File and folder names
Description	<p>For file and folder names:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use these characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, and the underscore (_).</li> <li>• Use strings that are more than 2 and less than 64 characters. (<i>Not including the dot and file extension</i>).</li> </ul> <p>Do not:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Start the name with a number.</li> <li>• Use underscores at the beginning or end of a string.</li> <li>• Use more than one consecutive underscore.</li> <li>• Use underscores in file extensions.</li> <li>• Use reserved identifiers.</li> </ul>
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Readability</li> <li>• Compiler limitations</li> <li>• Model-to-generated code traceability</li> </ul>
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MAAB guideline, Version 3.0: ar_0001: Filenames</li> <li>• MAAB guideline, Version 3.0: ar_0002: Directory names</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a
Examples	<p><b>Recommended</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• File name: My_data.mat</li> <li>• Path and folder name: /date_2015_08_11/sources/aou</li> </ul> <p><b>Not Recommended</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• File name: _My_data.mat</li> <li>• Path and folder name: /2015_08_11/_sources/äöü</li> </ul>

## hisl\_0032: Model object names

ID: Title	hisl_0032: Model object names
Description	<p>For the following model object names:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Signals</li> <li>• Parameters</li> <li>• Blocks</li> <li>• Named Stateflow objects (States, Boxes, Simulink Functions, Graphical Functions, Truth Tables)</li> </ul> <p>Use:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• These characters: a - z, A - Z, 0 - 9, and the underscore ( _ ).</li> <li>• Strings that are fewer than 32 characters.</li> </ul> <p>Do not:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Start the name with a number.</li> <li>• Use underscores at the beginning or end of a string.</li> <li>• Use more than one consecutive underscore.</li> <li>• Use reserved identifiers.</li> </ul>
Rationale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Readability</li> <li>• Compiler limitations</li> <li>• Model-to-generated code traceability</li> </ul>
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check model object names</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check model object names</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check model object names</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check model object names</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check model object names</b></li> </ul>

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0032: Model object names</b>
	<p>For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check model object names” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p> <p>For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check model object names” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MAAB guideline, Version 3.0: jc_0201: Usable characters for Subsystem names</li> <li>• MAAB guideline, Version 3.0: jc_0211: Usable characters for Inport blocks and Outport blocks</li> <li>• MAAB guideline, Version 3.0: jc_0221: Usable characters for signal line names</li> <li>• MAAB guideline, Version 3.0: jc_0231: Usable characters for block names</li> <li>• MAAB guideline, Version 3.0: na_0030: Usable characters for Simulink Bus names</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a
Example	<p><b>Recommended</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Block name: My_Controller</li> <li>• Signal name: a_b</li> </ul> <p><b>Not Recommended</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Block name: My Controller</li> <li>• Signal name: 12a__b</li> </ul>



# MISRA C:2012 Compliance Considerations

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- “Modeling Style” on page 7-2
- “Block Usage” on page 7-17
- “Configuration Settings” on page 7-23
- “Stateflow Chart Considerations” on page 7-26
- “System Level” on page 7-33

## Modeling Style

**In this section...**

“hisl\_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity” on page 7-3

“hisl\_0062: Global variables in graphical functions” on page 7-9

“hisl\_0063: Length of user-defined object names to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-12

“hisl\_0201: Define reserved keywords to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-14

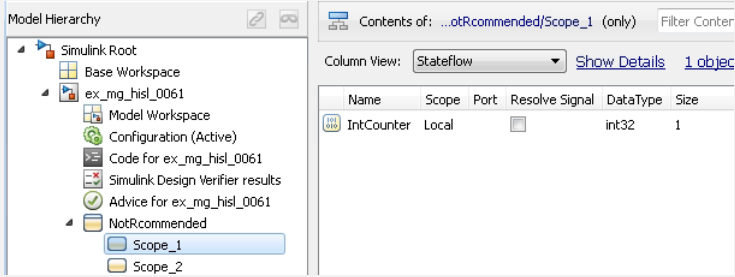
“hisl\_0202: Use of data conversion blocks to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-15

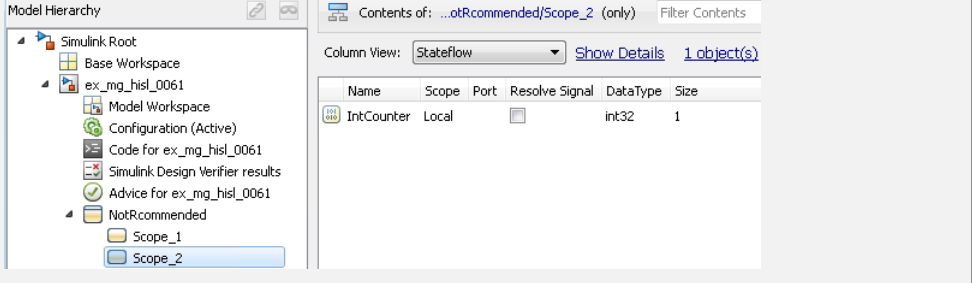


## hisl\_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity

ID: Title	hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity	
Description	When developing a model:	
	A	Use unique identifiers for Simulink signals.
	B	Define unique identifiers across multiple scopes within a chart.
Notes	The code generator resolves conflicts between identifiers so that symbols in the generated code are unique. The process is called name mangling.	
Rationale	A, B	Improve readability of a graphical model and mapping between identifiers in the model and generated code.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b 'Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent'</li> <li>• IEC 61508–3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (5) 'Design and coding standards'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1e) 'Use of established design principles'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) 'Use of unambiguous graphical representation'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1g) 'Use of style guides'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1h) 'Use of naming conventions'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.12 (1) 'Coding Standard'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.12 (2) 'Coding Style Guide'</li> </ul>	
Model Advisor Check	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Check Stateflow charts for uniquely defined data objects</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 61508 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for IEC 62304 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for ISO 26262 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> <li>• <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for EN 50128 &gt; Check usage of Stateflow constructs</b></li> </ul>	

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity</b>
	For DO-178C/DO-331 check details, see “Check Stateflow charts for uniquely defined data objects” (Simulink Verification and Validation).  For IEC 61508, IEC 62304, EN 50128, and ISO 26262 check details, see “Check usage of Stateflow constructs” (Simulink Verification and Validation).
See Also	“Code Appearance” (Simulink Coder) in the Simulink Coder™ documentation
Last Changed	R2016a

ID: Title	hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity												
Examples	<p data-bbox="372 302 635 331"><b>Not Recommended</b></p> <p data-bbox="372 361 1225 421">In the following example, two states <code>Scope_1</code> and <code>Scope_2</code> use local identifier <code>IntCounter</code>.</p> <div data-bbox="372 453 1262 996" style="border: 1px dashed gray; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <pre data-bbox="406 508 970 690"> Scope_1 % IntCounter is defined at this scope entry:   IntCounter = int32(0); during:   Chart_Level_Output_S1 = Chart_Level_Input + IntCounter;   IntCounter = IntCounter + int32(1); </pre> <pre data-bbox="406 751 970 933"> Scope_2 % IntCounter is defined at this scope entry:   IntCounter = int32(0); during:   Chart_Level_Output_S2 = Chart_Level_Input + IntCounter;   IntCounter = IntCounter + int32(1); </pre> </div> <p data-bbox="372 1032 1319 1062">The identifier <code>IntCounter</code> is defined for two states, <code>Scope_1</code> and <code>Scope_2</code>.</p> <div data-bbox="372 1095 1104 1373">  <table border="1" data-bbox="688 1182 1104 1373"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Scope</th> <th>Port</th> <th>Resolve Signal</th> <th>Data Type</th> <th>Size</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>IntCounter</td> <td>Local</td> <td></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>int32</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </div>	Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	Data Type	Size	IntCounter	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1
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IntCounter	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1								

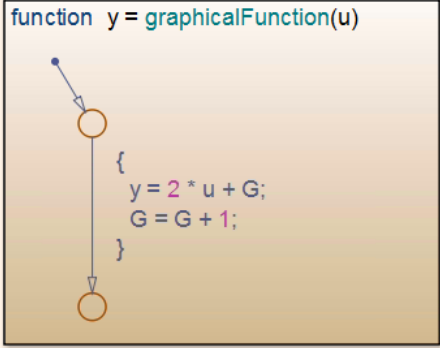
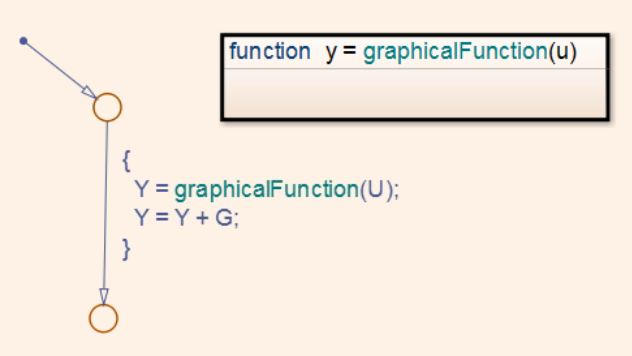
ID: Title	hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity												
	 <p>The screenshot shows the MATLAB/Simulink interface. On the left, the 'Model Hierarchy' pane displays a tree structure starting with 'Simulink Root', followed by 'Base Workspace', 'ex_mg_hisl_0061', 'Model Workspace', 'Configuration (Active)', 'Code for ex_mg_hisl_0061', 'Simulink Design Verifier results', 'Advice for ex_mg_hisl_0061', and 'NotRecommended'. Under 'NotRecommended', there are two sub-scopes: 'Scope_1' and 'Scope_2', with 'Scope_2' selected. On the right, the 'Contents' pane shows the contents of '...otRecommended/Scope_2 (only)'. The 'Column View' is set to 'Stateflow' and shows '1 object(s)'. A table lists the object:</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Name</th><th>Scope</th><th>Port</th><th>Resolve Signal</th><th>DataType</th><th>Size</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>IntCounter</td><td>Local</td><td></td><td><input type="checkbox"/></td><td>int32</td><td>1</td></tr></tbody></table>	Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	DataType	Size	IntCounter	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1
Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	DataType	Size								
IntCounter	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1								

ID: Title	hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity
	<p data-bbox="373 305 580 331"><b>Recommended</b></p> <p data-bbox="373 361 1332 456">To clarify the model, create unique identifiers. In the following example, state <code>Scope_1</code> uses local identifier <code>IntCounter_Scope_1</code>. State <code>Scope_2</code> uses local identifier <code>IntCounter_Scope_2</code>.</p> <div data-bbox="422 539 1262 760" style="border: 1px dashed black; border-radius: 10px; padding: 10px;"><pre data-bbox="422 539 1262 760">Scope_1 % IntCounter_Scope_1 is defined at this scope entry:   IntCounter_Scope_1 = int32(0); during:   Chart_Level_Output_S1 = Chart_Level_Input + IntCounter_Scope_1;   IntCounter_Scope_1 = IntCounter_Scope_1 + int32(1);</pre></div> <div data-bbox="422 788 1262 1008" style="border: 1px dashed black; border-radius: 10px; padding: 10px;"><pre data-bbox="422 788 1262 1008">Scope_2 % IntCounter_Scope_2 is defined at this scope entry:   IntCounter_Scope_2 = int32(0); during:   Chart_Level_Output_S2 = Chart_Level_Input + IntCounter_Scope_2;   IntCounter_Scope_2 = IntCounter_Scope_2 + int32(1);</pre></div> <p data-bbox="373 1098 1332 1159">The identifier <code>IntCounter_Scope_1</code> is defined for state <code>Scope_1</code>. Identifier <code>IntCounter_Scope_2</code> is defined for <code>Scope_2</code>.</p>

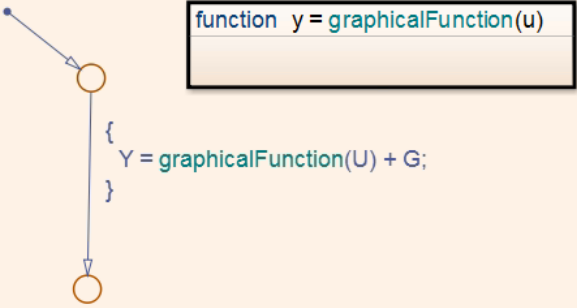
ID: Title	hisl_0061: Unique identifiers for clarity													
	<p>Model Hierarchy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Simulink Root           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Base Workspace</li> <li>ex_mg_hisl_0061               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Model Workspace</li> <li>Configuration (Active)</li> <li>Code for ex_mg_hisl_0061</li> <li>Simulink Design Verifier results</li> <li>Advice for ex_mg_hisl_0061</li> <li>NotRecommended                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scope_1</li> <li>Scope_2</li> </ul> </li> <li>Recommended                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scope_1</li> <li>Scope_2</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Contents of: .../Recommended/Scope_1 (only) <a href="#">Filter Contents</a></p> <p>Column View: Stateflow <a href="#">Show Details</a> 1 object(s)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Scope</th> <th>Port</th> <th>Resolve Signal</th> <th>Data Type</th> <th>Size</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>IntCounter_Scope_1</td> <td>Local</td> <td></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>int32</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	Data Type	Size	IntCounter_Scope_1	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1
Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	Data Type	Size									
IntCounter_Scope_1	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1									
	<p>Model Hierarchy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Simulink Root           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Base Workspace</li> <li>ex_mg_hisl_0061               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Model Workspace</li> <li>Configuration (Active)</li> <li>Code for ex_mg_hisl_0061</li> <li>Simulink Design Verifier results</li> <li>Advice for ex_mg_hisl_0061</li> <li>NotRecommended                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scope_1</li> <li>Scope_2</li> </ul> </li> <li>Recommended                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scope_1</li> <li>Scope_2</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Contents of: .../Recommended/Scope_2 (only) <a href="#">Filter Contents</a></p> <p>Column View: Stateflow <a href="#">Show Details</a> 1 object(s)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Scope</th> <th>Port</th> <th>Resolve Signal</th> <th>Data Type</th> <th>Size</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>IntCounter_Scope_2</td> <td>Local</td> <td></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>int32</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	Data Type	Size	IntCounter_Scope_2	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1
Name	Scope	Port	Resolve Signal	Data Type	Size									
IntCounter_Scope_2	Local		<input type="checkbox"/>	int32	1									

## hisl\_0062: Global variables in graphical functions

ID: Title	hisl_0062: Global variables in graphical functions
Description	For data with a global scope used in a function, do not use the data in the calling expression if a value is assigned to the data in that function.
Rationale	Enhance readability of a model by removing ambiguity in the values of global variables.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IEC 61508–3, Table A.3 (3) 'Language subset'</li> <li>• IEC 61508–3, Table A.4 (4) 'Modular approach'</li> <li>• IEC 61508–3, A.4 (5) 'Design and coding standards'</li> <li>• IEC 62304, 5.5.3 - Software Unit acceptance criteria</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1b) 'Use of language subsets'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1f) 'Use of unambiguous graphical representation'</li> <li>• ISO 26262-6, Table 1 (1h) 'Use of naming conventions'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.4 (11) 'Language Subset'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.12 (1) 'Coding Standard'</li> <li>• EN 50128, Table A.12 (2) 'Coding Style Guide'</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.g 'Algorithms are accurate'</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 13.2</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 13.5</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016a
Examples	Consider a graphical function <code>graphicalFunction</code> that modifies the global data <code>G</code> .

ID: Title	hisl_0062: Global variables in graphical functions
	<div data-bbox="477 322 915 670"><pre>function y = graphicalFunction(u)     {     y = 2 * u + G;     G = G + 1;     }</pre></div> <p data-bbox="454 718 654 748"><b>Recommended</b></p> <div data-bbox="454 782 1084 1138"><pre>function y = graphicalFunction(u)     {     Y = graphicalFunction(U);     Y = Y + G;     }</pre></div> <p data-bbox="454 1173 713 1203"><b>Not Recommended</b></p>



ID: Title	hisl_0062: Global variables in graphical functions
	 <p>The diagram illustrates the concept of global variables in graphical functions. It features a blue dot pointing to an orange circle, which is connected by a vertical line to another orange circle. A code box shows the function definition: <code>function y = graphicalFunction(u)</code>. Below this, a block of code is shown: <code>{ Y = graphicalFunction(U) + G; }</code>.</p>

## hisl\_0063: Length of user-defined object names to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0063: Length of user-defined object names to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
Description	To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of generated code, limit the length of user defined names to <b>Maximum identifier length</b> (MaxIdLength).	
	<b>Note:</b> The default of Maximum identifier length is 31.	
	A	When working with Subsystem blocks with the block parameter <b>Function name options</b> set to <b>User specified</b> , limit the length of function names to parameter <b>Maximum identifier length</b> (MaxIdLength) characters or fewer.
	B	Limit the length of data object names to <b>Maximum identifier length</b> (MaxIdLength) characters or fewer for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Simulink.AliasType</li> <li>• Simulink.NumericType</li> <li>• Simulink.Variant</li> <li>• Simulink.Bus</li> <li>• Simulink.BusElement</li> <li>• Simulink.IntEnumType</li> </ul>
	C	Limit the length of signal and parameter names to <b>Maximum identifier length</b> (MaxIdLength) characters or fewer when using the following storage classes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Exported Global</li> <li>• Imported Extern</li> <li>• Imported Extern Pointer</li> <li>• Custom storage class</li> </ul>
	<b>Note:</b> If specified, this includes the length of the Alias name.	

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0063: Length of user-defined object names to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance</b>
Rationale	<p>User defined names of signal and parameter names to <b>Maximum identifier length</b> (MaxIdLength) characters or fewer when using the following storage classes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Exported Global</li> <li>• Imported Extern</li> <li>• Imported Extern Pointer</li> <li>• Custom storage class</li> </ul> <hr/> <p><b>Note:</b> If specified, this includes the length of the <b>Alias</b> name.</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 5.1</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 5.2</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 5.3</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 5.4</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 5.5</li> </ul>
Prerequisites	“hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-23
Last Changed	R2017a

## hisl\_0201: Define reserved keywords to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0201: Define reserved keywords to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
Description	To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code, define reserved keywords to prevent identifier clashes within the project namespace.	
	A	In the Configuration Parameters dialog box, on the <b>Simulation Target</b> pane, define reserved identifiers.
	B	Use a consistent set of reserved identifiers for all models.
Notes	Simulink Coder checks models for standard C language key words. Expand the list of reserved identifiers to include project specific identifiers. Examples include target-specific clashes, standard and custom library clashes, and other identified clashes.	
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.	
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Model Configuration Parameters: Simulation Target” in the Simulink documentation</li> <li>• “Reserved Keywords” (Simulink Coder) in the Simulink Coder documentation</li> <li>• “Reserved names” (Simulink Coder) in the Simulink Coder documentation</li> </ul>	
References	MISRA C:2012, Rule 21.2	
Last Changed	R2015b	

## hisl\_0202: Use of data conversion blocks to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0202: Use of data conversion blocks to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
Description	<p>To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of generated code, insert a data type conversion block when using signals of type single (<code>real132_T</code>) as inputs to the following blocks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Math</li> <li>• Trigonometry</li> <li>• Sqrt</li> </ul> <p>The data type conversion block to changes the data type to double (<code>real_T</code>)</p>
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.
Notes	The function prototypes for many math functions require an input of type double. To accommodate the function prototype, you can add a data type conversion block. As an alternative to the data type conversion block, you could define a new function interface using the Target Function Library (TFL).
References	N/A
Last Changed	R2015b

ID: Title	hisl_0202: Use of data conversion blocks to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
Example	<p><b>Recommended</b></p> <p>Add a data type conversion block to the input signal of the block. Convert the output signal back to single.</p>

## Block Usage

In this section...
“hisl_0020: Blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-17
“hisl_0101: Avoid invariant comparison operations to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-19
“hisl_0102: Data type of loop control variables to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-22

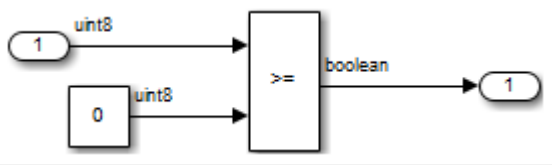
### hisl\_0020: Blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0020: Blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 compliance	
Description	To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code:	
	A	Use only blocks that support code generation, as documented in the Simulink Block Support Table.
	B	Do not use blocks that are listed as “Not recommended for production code” in the Simulink Block Support Table.
	C	Do not use Lookup Table blocks using cubic spline interpolation or extrapolation methods.
	D	Do not use deprecated Lookup Table blocks.
Notes	<p>If you follow this and other modeling guidelines, you can eliminate model constructs that are not suitable for C/C++ production code generation, at the same time, increase the likelihood of generating code that complies with the MISRA C:2012 standard.</p> <p>Choose Simulink <b>Help &gt; Simulink &gt; Block Data Types &amp; Code Generation Support &gt; All Tables</b> to view the block support table.</p> <p>Blocks with the footnote (4) in the Block Support Table are classified as “Not Recommended for production code.”</p>	
Rationale	A, B, C, D	Improve quality and MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.
Model Advisor Checks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To check model for conditions A,B,C, and D:</li> </ul>	

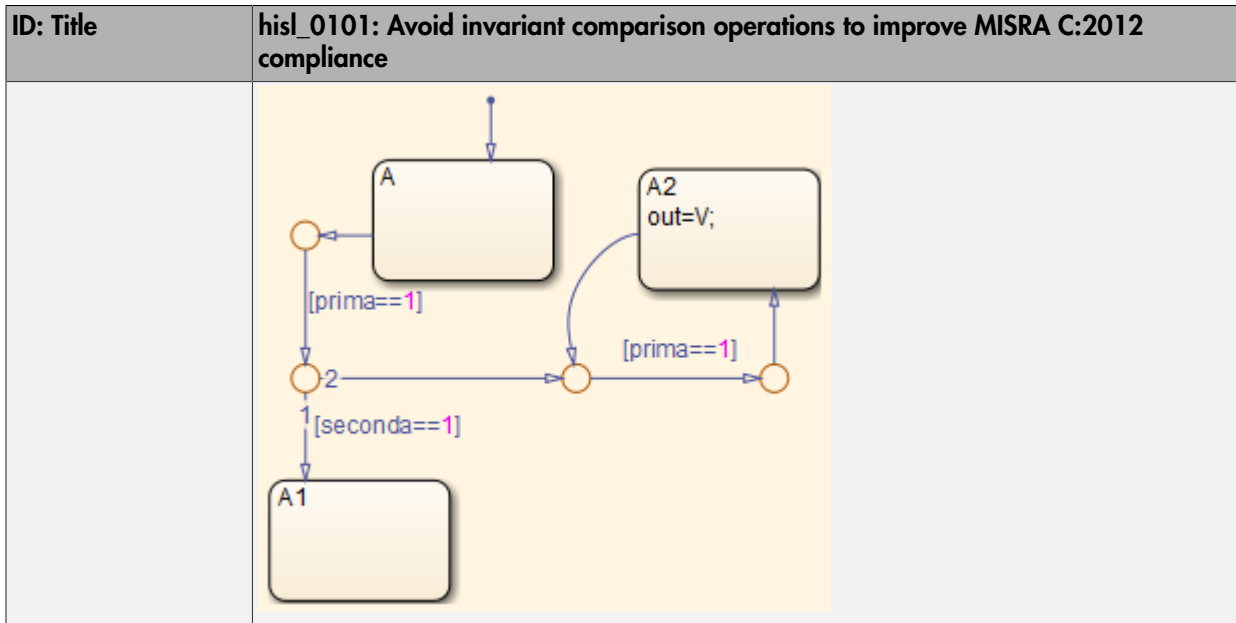
<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0020: Blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012 compliance</b>
	<p><b>By Task &gt; Modeling Guidelines for MISRA C:2012 &gt; Check for blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To check model for conditions A and B: <b>By Task &gt; Modeling Standards for DO-178C/DO-331 &gt; Simulink &gt; Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment</b></li> </ul> <p>For check details, see “Check for blocks not recommended for MISRA C:2012” (Simulink Verification and Validation) and “Check for blocks not recommended for C/C++ production code deployment” (Simulink Verification and Validation).</p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.b ‘Low-level requirements are accurate and consistent’</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.2.e ‘Low-level requirements conform to standards’</li> <li>• DO-331, Section MB.6.3.4.d ‘Source code conforms to standards’</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2016b



## hisl\_0101: Avoid invariant comparison operations to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	<b>hisl_0101: Avoid invariant comparison operations to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance</b>
Description	<p>To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of generated code, avoid comparison operations with invariant results. Comparison operations are performed by the following blocks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If</li> <li>• Logic</li> <li>• Relational Operator</li> <li>• Switch</li> <li>• Switch Case</li> <li>• Compare to Constant</li> </ul>
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 14.3</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 2.1</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2015b
Example	<p>Invariant comparisons can occur in simple or compound comparison operations. In compound comparison operations, the individual components can be variable when the full calculation is invariant.</p> <p><b>Simple:</b> A uint8 is always greater than or equal to 0.</p>  <pre> graph LR     A([1]) -- uint8 --&gt; B[&gt;=]     C[0] -- uint8 --&gt; B     B -- boolean --&gt; D([1])   </pre> <p><b>Simple:</b> A uint8 cannot have a value greater than 256</p>

ID: Title	hisl_0101: Avoid invariant comparison operations to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
	<div data-bbox="368 343 966 496"> </div> <p data-bbox="357 531 1148 562"><b>Compound:</b> The comparison operations are mutually exclusive</p> <div data-bbox="368 595 1267 991"> </div> <p data-bbox="357 1025 506 1057"><b>Stateflow:</b></p> <div data-bbox="368 1090 995 1503"> </div>



## hisl\_0102: Data type of loop control variables to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisl_0102: Data type of loop control variables to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance</b>
Description	To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of generated code, use integer data type for variables that are used as loop control counter variables in: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• For and while loops constructed in Stateflow and MATLAB.</li><li>• While Iterator and For Iterator blocks.</li></ul>
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 14.1</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2015b

## Configuration Settings

### hisl\_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
Description	To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code,	
	Set the following model configuration parameters as specified:	
	Pane / Configuration Parameter	Value
	<b>Optimization &gt; Simulink and code generation</b>	
	<b>Use division for fixed-point net slope computation</b>	on or Use division for reciprocals of integers only
	<b>Optimization &gt; Signals and Parameters &gt; Code Generation</b>	
	<b>Bitfield declaratory type specifier</b>	uint_T if any of the following Optimization parameters are enabled: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Optimization &gt; Signals and Parameters &gt; Code Generation &gt; Pack Boolean data into bitfields</b></li> <li>• <b>Optimization &gt; Stateflow &gt; Code Generation &gt; Use bitsets for storing state configuration</b></li> <li>• <b>Optimization &gt; Stateflow &gt; Code Generation &gt; Use bitsets for storing Boolean data</b></li> </ul>
	<b>Diagnostics &gt; Advanced Parameters</b>	
<b>Model Verification block enabling</b>	Disable all	

ID: Title	hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
	Pane / Configuration Parameter	Value
	<b>Hardware Implementation &gt; Device details</b>	
	Production hardware signed integer division rounds to	Zero or Floor
	<b>Code Generation &gt; Target selection</b>	
	System target file	ERT-based target
	<b>Code Generation &gt; Symbols &gt; Auto-generated identifier naming rules</b>	
	Maximum identifier length	This should be set to the implementation dependent limit. The default is 31.
	System-generated identifiers	Shortened
	<b>Code Generation &gt; Interface &gt; Software environment</b>	
	Code replacement library	None or AUTOSAR 4.0
	Shared code placement	Shared location
	Support non-finite numbers	Cleared (off)
	Support complex numbers	Cleared (off) if you do not need complex number support
	Support continuous time	Cleared (off)
	<b>Code Generation &gt; Code Style &gt; Code Style</b>	
	Parentheses level	Maximum (Specify precedence with parentheses)
	Replace multiplication by powers of two with signed bitwise shifts	Cleared (off)
	Casting modes	Standards Compliant

ID: Title	hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
	Pane / Configuration Parameter	Value
	<b>Code Generation &gt; Advanced parameters</b>	
	<b>Generate shared constants</b>	Cleared (off)
	<b>Mat-file logging</b>	Cleared (off)
	<b>Standard math library</b>	C89/C90 (ANSI) or C99 (ISO) depending on toolchain
	<b>Support non-inlined S-functions</b>	Cleared (off)
	<b>Use dynamic memory allocation for model initialization</b>	Cleared (off)  Only if <b>Code Generation &gt; Interface &gt; Code Interface &gt; Code Interface Packaging</b> is set to Reusable Function
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.	
Model Advisor Checks	<b>By Product &gt; Embedded Coder &gt; Check configuration parameters for MISRA C:2012 compliance</b>  For check details, see “Check configuration parameters for MISRA C:2012” (Embedded Coder).	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MISRA C:2012</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2017a	

## Stateflow Chart Considerations

**In this section...**

“hisf\_0064: Shift operations for Stateflow data to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-27

“hisf\_0065: Type cast operations in Stateflow to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-28

“hisf\_0211: Protect against use of unary operators in Stateflow Charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-29

“hisf\_0213: Protect against divide-by-zero calculations in Stateflow charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-30



## hisf\_0064: Shift operations for Stateflow data to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisf_0064: Shift operations for Stateflow data to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance</b>	
Description	To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code with Stateflow bit-shifting operations, do not perform:	
	A	Right-shift operations greater than the bit-width of the input type, or by a negative value.
	B	Left-shift operations greater than the bit-width of the output type, or by a negative value.
Note	If you follow this and other modeling guidelines, you increase the likelihood of generating code that complies with the MISRA C:2012 standard.	
Rationale	A,B	To avoid shift operations in the generated code that might be a MISRA C:2012 violation.
References	N/A	
Prerequisites	"hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance" on page 7-23	
Last Changed	R2016b	

## hisf\_0065: Type cast operations in Stateflow to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisf_0065: Type cast operations in Stateflow to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance</b>	
Description	To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code, protect against Stateflow casting integer and fixed-point calculations to wider data types than the input data types by:	
	A	Explicitly type casting the calculations
	B	Using the := notation in Stateflow charts that use the C action language
Note	If you follow this and other modeling guidelines, you increase the likelihood of generating code that complies with the MISRA C:2012 standard.	
Rationale	A,B	To avoid implicit casts in the generated code that might be a MISRA C:2012 violation.
References	N/A	
Prerequisites	“hisl_0060: Configuration parameters that improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-23	
Last Changed	R2016b	

## hisf\_0211: Protect against use of unary operators in Stateflow Charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisf_0211: Protect against use of unary operators in Stateflow Charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance</b>	
Description	To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code:	
	A	Do not use unary minus operators on unsigned data types
Note	The MATLAB and C action languages do not restrict the use of unary minus operators on unsigned expressions.	
Rationale	A	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 10.1</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2016b	

## hisf\_0213: Protect against divide-by-zero calculations in Stateflow charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	<b>hisf_0213: Protect against divide-by-zero calculations in Stateflow charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance</b>	
Description	To improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code for floating point and integer-based operations, do one of the following:	
	A	Perform static analysis of the model to prove that division by zero is not possible
	B	Provide run-time error checking in the generated C code by explicitly modeling the error checking in Stateflow
	C	Modify the code generation process using Code Replacement Libraries (CRLs) to protect against division by zero
Note	Using run-time error checking introduces additional computational and memory overhead in the generated code. It is preferable to use static analysis tools to limit errors in the generated code. You can use Simulink Design Verifier or Polyspace <sup>®</sup> Code Prover <sup>™</sup> to perform the static analysis.	
	<p>If static analysis determines that sections of the code can have a division by zero, then add run-time protection into that section of the model (see example). Using a modified CRL or selecting the parameter <b>Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions</b> protects division operations against divide-by-zero operations. However, this action does introduce additional computational and memory overhead.</p> <p>Use only one of the run-time protections (B, C or D) in a model. Using more than one option can result in redundant protection operations.</p>	
Rationale	A,B, C,D	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.1</li> </ul>	
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “What Is Code Replacement?” (Simulink Coder) and “Code Replacement Libraries” (Simulink Coder) in the Simulink Coder documentation</li> </ul>	

<b>ID: Title</b>	<b>hisf_0213: Protect against divide-by-zero calculations in Stateflow charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• “hisl_0002: Usage of Math Function blocks (rem and reciprocal)” on page 2-5</li><li>• “hisl_0005: Usage of Product blocks” on page 2-13</li><li>• “hisl_0054: Configuration Parameters &gt; Optimization &gt; Remove code that protects against division arithmetic exceptions” on page 5-32</li></ul>
Last Changed	R2015b

ID: Title	hisf_0213: Protect against divide-by-zero calculations in Stateflow charts to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
Example	<p>Run-time divide by zero protection can be realized using a graphical function. Unique functions should be provided for each data type.</p> <div style="background-color: #fff9c4; padding: 10px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: right; margin-right: 20px;"><i>Graphical function to model divide-by-zero check</i></p> <pre style="margin: 0;">{d_int_pro = div_fun_int(b_int, c_int);... d_dbl_pro = div_fun_dbl(b_dbl, c_dbl, 10000.0, 0.001);}</pre> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 45%;"> <p><b>function</b> result = div_fun_dbl(num, den, maxVal, eps)</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 45%;"> <p><b>function</b> result = div_fun_int(num, den)</p> </div> </div> </div> <div style="background-color: #fff9c4; padding: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: right; margin-right: 20px;"><i>Graphical function to model divide-by-zero check</i></p> <pre style="margin: 0;">{d = div_fun(b,c);}</pre> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><b>function</b> result = div_fun(num, den)</p> </div> </div>

## System Level

In this section...
“hisl_0401: Encapsulation of code to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-33
“hisl_0402: Use of custom #pragma to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-34
“hisl_0403: Use of char data type to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance” on page 7-35

### hisl\_0401: Encapsulation of code to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0401: Encapsulation of code to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance
Description	To improve the MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code, encapsulate manually inserted code. This code includes, but is not limited to, C, Fortran, and assembly code.
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>“External Code Integration” (Embedded Coder) in the Embedded Coder documentation.</li> <li>“External Code Integration” (Simulink Coder) in the Simulink Coder documentation.</li> </ul>
Notes	<p>Simulink provides multiple methods for integrating existing code. The user is responsible for encapsulating the generated code.</p> <p>Encapsulation can be defined as “the process of compartmentalizing the elements of an abstraction that constitute its structure and behavior; encapsulation serves to separate the contractual interface of an abstraction and its implementation”<sup>a</sup></p>
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MISRA C:2012, Dir 4.3</li> </ul>
Last Changed	R2015b

<sup>a</sup>Booch, Grady, R. Maksimchuk, M. Engle, B. Young, J. Conallen, K. Houston. *Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications*. 3rd ed. Boston, MA: Addison-Wesley Professional, 2007.

**hisl\_0402: Use of custom #pragma to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance**

ID: Title	hisl_0402: Use of custom #pragma to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
Description	To improve the MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code, document user defined pragma. In the documentation, include:	
	A	Memory range (start and stop address)
	B	Intended use
	C	Justification for using a pragma
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code	
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Control Data and Function Placement in Memory by Inserting Pragmas” (Embedded Coder) in the Embedded Coder documentation.</li> <li>• “Document Generated Code with Simulink Report Generator” (Simulink Coder) in the Simulink Coder documentation.</li> </ul>	
Notes	The Simulink Report Generator™ documents pragmas.	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Dir 1.1</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2015b	



## hisl\_0403: Use of char data type to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance

ID: Title	hisl_0403: Use of char data type to improve MISRA C:2012 compliance	
Description	To improve the MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code with custom storage classes that use the char data type, use only:	
	A	Plain char type for character values.
	B	Signed and unsigned char type for numeric values.
Rationale	Improve MISRA C:2012 compliance of the generated code.	
See Also	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Control Data and Function Placement in Memory by Inserting Pragmas” (Embedded Coder) in the Embedded Coder documentation.</li> <li>• “Control Data and Function Placement in Memory by Inserting Pragmas” (Embedded Coder) in the Embedded Coder documentation.</li> <li>• “Document Generated Code with Simulink Report Generator” (Simulink Coder) in the Simulink Coder documentation.</li> </ul>	
References	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 10.1</li> <li>• MISRA C:2012, Rule 10.2</li> </ul>	
Last Changed	R2015b	

